

# **Dallas County Criminal Justice Advisory Board** Meeting Agenda

December 19, 2022, 2:30 p.m. Oak Cliff Government Center First floor conference room, 702 E Jefferson Blvd, Dallas, TX 75203

- I. Welcome and Introductions – The Honorable Elba Garcia, Chair, CJAB
- II. Membership & Infrastructure\* — Ellyce Lindberg Co-Chair, CJAB
  - Jesse Reyes, Assistant Chief of Police City of Dallas
  - Dr. Marta Kang, Deputy Director for Dallas County Community Supervision and Corrections Department
- III. Minutes Review/Approval\* – Ellyce Lindberg Co-Chair, CJAB
- IV. **Presentations** 
  - Dallas County Mental Health Division Kendall McKimmey, Raymond Pierson
- V. **Committee Project Updates** 
  - Criminal Justice Administration & Jail Population Management Committee -Deborah Hill
  - Fair Defense Committee Lynn Richardson

  - Justice of the Peace Judge Steve Seider Law Enforcement/Jurisprudence Ellyce Lindberg
  - **Pretrial Committee** Jeff Segura
  - Reentry Christina Melton Črain
- VI. **Program Update** 
  - Link2Care Dr. Jennifer Gonzalez
- VII. **Public Comments**
- VIII. Announcements
- IX. **Next Meeting Schedule** 
  - March 27, 2023



### Membership & Infrastructure:

**Jesse Reyes** is a 38- year veteran of the Dallas Police Department. He joined the Department in January of 1984. He was promoted to the rank of Assistant Chief in March of 2021 and is currently serving as the Patrol Bureau Commander which includes all Patrol Divisions throughout the entire City of Dallas.

Prior to his promotion, he served as a Deputy Chief and has commanded the East Patrol Bureau which includes Northeast and Southeast Patrol Divisions, Investigations Division, Communications and Technology Sections, Community Engagement Division, Internal Affairs Division, North Central Patrol Division, Crimes Against Persons Division, and the Homeland Security and Special Operations Division.

Prior to promotion to Deputy Chief, he served for 13 years at the rank of Lieutenant where his assignments included several Patrol Divisions, Homicide Unit, and the Personnel and Development Division. He also served at the rank of sergeant for 2 years where his assignments included Southwest Patrol Division and the Internal Affairs Division.

He has earned a Bachelor of Business Administration from St. Mary's University and a Master of Arts in Criminal Justice from the University of Texas at Arlington. He is also a graduate of the Senior Management Institute for Police in Boston, Massachusetts and the FBI National Academy in Quantico, Virginia. His Departmental decorations include 3 Certificates of Merit Awards, a Police Commendation Award, a 30-year Safe Driving Award, and a 30-year Perfect Attendance Award.

In his spare time, Chief Reyes is a top tier professional boxing official. He has refereed and judged professional boxing events throughout the world.

**Dr. Marta Kang** is the Deputy Director of Dallas County Community Corrections and Supervision Department (Adult Probation). Dr. Kang has 20 years of experience working in community supervision and served in different capacities from probation officer, supervisor, clinical director and now deputy director.



# Dallas County Criminal Justice Advisory Board General Membership Minutes for Monday, September 19, 2022

**Welcome & Introductions**, Commissioner Dr. Garcia, called the meeting to order at 2:30 PM. All in attendance made customary introductions.

# Membership & Infrastructure:

There were no changes to membership or infrastructure at this time.

## **Meeting Minutes:**

The minutes from the CJAB General Membership meeting held on June 27, 2022, were made a part of the packet. A motion was made to approve minutes; the motion was seconded and approved.

### Presentations:

# Dallas Deflects- Dave Hogan

Ellyce Lindberg introduced the presenter, Dave Hogan.

Dave Hogan is the clinical director of the Dallas Deflection Center. The Dallas Deflection Center also referred to as Dallas Deflects is located at Homeward Bound Treatment Center, 5300 University Hills Boulevard. Homeward Bound provides treatment to individuals with issues such as: drug abuse, mental health and co-occurring mental health issues. The idea behind the Deflection Center is, diversion from jail to treatment. With jail population rising, this essentially may cut down the number of mentally ill, low-level offenders being incarcerated.

Mr. Hogan gave a scenario of police dealing with a homeless individual. The individual will panhandle and be asked to leave the the location. Management of the location will call the police and the police shows up. Generally, when the officer takes someone to jail, they spend about 3 to 4 hours booking in the individual, taking up half of their shift. The arrestee will stay in jail for 3 or 4 days without getting assessments or treatment. Once released, the individual will return to the same situation that landed them in jail, which subsequently leads to high rates of recidivism.

How much does that cost us? In the jails, \$67 a day to house an inmate in general population and \$95 a day for the inmate receiving medication assistance in general population. The cost increases to \$288 a day, if the individuals must go to a behavioral observation unit. Total cost of processing a single criminal trespass case including law enforcement, district attorney's office, and court of law and the county jail would be \$1,400. That's one case. There were 1700 arrests last year solely for criminal trespass. That is \$2,507,274 tax-payer dollars wasted on criminal trespass cases.

Mr. Hogan explained there are three components needed to help this situation. The first component is technology, and to be able to treat people with co-occurring disorders. Co-occurring related to substance abuse and mental health. The next two components were strong political will and sufficient funding to produce the project. All three of these components are present in the Deflection Center project; Dallas County and Dallas City council are both supporters of the project.

Mr. Hogan reported on the goals for the Deflection Center: reduce the number of mentally ill low-level offenders in the county jail, reduce the recidivism rate for low-level misdemeanor offenders, and provide a positive option to arrest and incarceration by providing services and housing status for offenders. Mr. Hogan continued with the parameters to get into the program. The person must be committing a criminal offense, in need of some behavioral health services, not experiencing a medical crisis, not acting in a menace or aggressive manner and lastly, better assistance for community-based services opposed to incarceration.

Mr. Hogan reported about the services provided by Dallas Deflects best practices of mental health & substance use evidence-based individualized assessment, trauma-informed harm reduction follow-up, and respite recovery and wellness practices. Dallas Deflects helps with permanent supportive housing, such as section 8 apartments and boarding homes. They also follow up on individualized treatment plans and case management, community support programs and connection to qualified federal programs.

Mr. Hogan concluded the presentation stating the officers who bring the individual in will fill out a questionnaire, takes about 15 minutes. Then, the officers return to their policing duties. The individuals that are brought in are given the necessary treatment to reenter society.

Mr. Hogan opened the floor for questions. Jeff Segura asked if the individuals stay overnight and if the individual is out on bond would this be an alternative? Mr. Hogan reported they can stay overnight; however, this is not an alternative yet. It was asked if Dallas Deflects could be used by other agencies in Dallas County? Mr. Hogan said, they are open to all agencies and are available now. Mr. Hogan continued with the North Texas Behavioral Health Authority assess the individual and determine their needs. Commissioner Garcia asked about the

accessibility. Mr. Hogan elaborated on the individual's first day; there is an assessment, a period of gathering information, and assigning a life coach.

Commissioner Garcia asked about the collection of data. Mr. Hogan explained that this is a Bureau of Justice Administration grant, and a lot of data will be collected to get continued funding. Dr. Crain asked about the kind of assessment used and expressed a desire for Unlocking Doors to collaborate with Dallas Deflects.

Mr. Hogan was asked about the capacity; the current capacity is 16. The Dallas Deflection Center sees both men and women. Currently the hours of operation are 9am to 9pm, however, they hope to expand the hours to 24-hour operation after the first year.

Commissioner Garcia inquired about Dallas Deflects working with Southeast Alliance Community Care Team. Mr. Hogan reported having connected with them, and Dallas Deflects plans to be inclusive of suburbs in the Dallas County area. Commissioner Garcia asked about working with the Living Room, and Mr. Hogan answered that they are working closely with them. Mr. Hogan concluded with ensuring Dallas Deflection Center wants to communicate with all entities within Dallas County and municipalities.

# **Committee Project Updates:**

# **Criminal Justice Administration & Jail Population Management Update:**

LaShonda Jefferson gave the update. The Jail Population committee meeting is being held on a special date this month. The meeting will be held on Friday, September 23, 2022. Excerpts from that packet can be found on pages 24 through 31 of the CJAB packet. The jail population for today is 6,246, which is 86.7% of our total jail capacity. The Criminal Justice Department continues to collaborate with stakeholders to manage our jail population. The average jail population for August 2022 was 6,288 and our yearly average for 2022, so far, is 5,818. Jail population continues to see a significant increase due to individuals in jail with unfiled felony cases and those pending transfers to state facilities.

### Fair Defense Committee:

Lynn Richardson gave the update. Ms. Richardson expressed the excitement about the Deflection Center and their efforts. The Public Defender's Office participated in the well-attended Big Texas Rally for Recovery on Saturday, September 17, in Coppell. The Public Defender's office continues to work with the commissioners, the county administration, and the courts to reduce the backlog cases that accumulated due to COVID, and courts being shut down. The Public Defender's Office announced their ongoing partnership with Dr. Crane and the Unlocking Doors program, to give their clients opportunities to find employment and reduce recidivism. The Public Defender's Office also continues to work with the Texas Indigent Defense Commission regarding the backlog cases and streamlining the processes to effectively represent their clients. Ms.

Richardson introduced Alexis with Community Engagement. She further explained they will be going into the Dallas County jail and the Juvenile Detention Center, to work with the women and the kids on artistic work and art therapy.

### Justice of the Peace:

Judge Steve Seider gave the update. Judge Seider reports the court management system will be going live. The JP courts will be closed to the public from October 26 to November 1 to convert into the new system. There was a meeting with all JP courts, everyone was on the same page as they begin this transition to the new system. They are looking to create a functional analyst position. This person will ensure the legislative requirements are met and act as the conduit between the Courts, Dallas County IT and Tyler Technologies. Judge Seider is working with Budget, IT and HR to figure out the qualifications for this position, how the position will be funded, and where the person will be housed. Another subject Judge Seider touched on was the communication with IT to have DPS tickets filed electronically. There are some programming authorizations that will need to go through Austin to have that ability added. Judge Seider described starting a conversation on a legislative enabling statute that would allow the courts to have special bonds information entered in the statewide database website where the individual can look up their name and see if there's money available.

# Law Enforcement/Jurisprudence:

Ellyce Lindberg gave the update. Ms. Lindberg reported there was not a formal meeting for this subcommittee in the last quarter. However, they continue to work on the 90% Reporting mandate due by next August. There are about 22, 000 cases to close out before our deadline. LaFayne McCall reported the list to agencies have some wrong agencies on it; however, she will go through the lists to make those corrections. Mr. Duane Steele asked when they anticipate seeing the impact of the pandemic on the five-year window to get the cases resolved? Ms. LaFayne answered that it started last year when they worked on 2016-2020 cases and it continues to this year's 2017-2021 cases. The last item mentioned was an upcoming meeting with the DA to discuss a statue that became effective in September.

### Pretrial:

Jeff Segura gave the update. Pretrial Services numbers were as follows: Alcohol monitoring at 1614, Electronic Monitoring at 741, Mental Health at 323 and General Pretrial at 161, totaling over 2,839 for the department. Electronic Monitoring numbers have dipped a little bit, which is a welcoming relief as they are onboarding new staff. They have identified seven officers of the ten positions available. The arising concern is space and determining if they will keep the current location in addition to the new location. Mr. Segura reported retention is also a challenge for their intake unit; October of last year was the last time the unit was fully staffed. Pretrial expressed their gratitude to county commissioners for allowing overtime to the intake unit. Pretrial continues their search for qualified candidates to hire.

# Reentry:

Dr. Christina Crain gave the update. Dr. Crain concurred with Ms. Lynn Richardson on the next-level partnership with the Public Defender's Office. The Unlocking Doors program will be beta testing out of the South Dallas location. The hopes are that it is going to be successful and will expand working with other government centers to get more in the community. Unlocking Doors has been ramping up with the employers they work with and are now close to 75 employers who are considered background friendly. About 50 to 60 of those are willing to hire anybody across the board. It's been found that some employers are hesitant about hiring someone with a violent criminal background. They are on a legislation for the next session that would give employers better protections. Unfortunately, this year's Texas Reentry Symposium has been canceled. Dr. Crain reported that Unlocking Doors is expanding to Houston. There will be an end of the year event with Darryl Strawberry and more information to come on this event. Dr. Crain was asked about their data collection. She explained, the clients are enrolled into their database and assessed; all information gathered is entered into this database. Through this database they can monitor each goal set and are able to run reports to reflect specific statistics. Unlocking Doors recently contracted Reconnect, which work with probation and parole departments, making this move beneficial for all to close the loop on referrals made to service providers.

### Research:

Dr. Jennifer Gonzalez was not able to attend today's meeting. An update was not provided.

# **Program Update:**

None.

### **Public Comments:**

D. R. Rockwell granted three minutes. Rather than a comment, Mr. Rockwell stated he had questions and hopes of getting answers to the things he did not understand. He initiated by questioning the community's ability to better support justice involved patients with severe mental illness within the Lew Sterrett jail. He expressed the jail is inadequate for care of serious mental illness, particularly those who experience psychosis. Mr. Rockwell continues his concern that jail exacerbates mental illness, because inmates with serious mental illness are often segregated from the general population and held in isolation. While access to medication and healthcare professionals is provided to avoid infringement of an inmate's 8th amendment rights to healthcare when in confinement, he reasserted that the care provided in Lew Sterrett Justice Center is inadequate. Mr. Rockwell's second question was how to reduce the wait time for patients in Dallas County. He expressed the Competency Restoration is taking too long in Dallas County because the state hospitals are at capacity with a long waiting list. There is an estimate of 400 people in jail deemed incompetent. competency restoration is designed to support the inmate's 6th amendment rights of a fair trial, the extended wait time means there is not a speedy trial. Although a psychiatric hospital is currently being built, the number of beds won't suffice the many on the waiting list and the building won't be ready until 2025. Mr. Rockwell's final questions were regarding community supervision officers' ability to positively reinforce former inmates' engagement with mental health professionals and the reentry and assertive community treatments for them. Commissioner Garcia thanked Mr. Rockwell for joining the meeting and shared she a brief response to his inquire.

### **Announcements:**

The next CJAB meeting will be held on December 19, 2022, at 2:30pm.

# Adjournment:

A motion was made to adjourn the meeting; it was seconded and approved at 3:39PM.



### Presenters:

**Lee Pierson** obtained his B.B.A. from Texas Christian University in 1991, and then graduated from Texas Tech, School of Law in 1994. Following the bar exam he practiced as an Assistant City Attorney in both Arlington and Wichita Falls, later branching out into private practice. He ran his own practice for 9 years when he decided to join the Dallas District Attorney's Office in 2011 as a misdemeanor prosecutor. Lee has been the Chief of the Mental Health Division since 2015. Lee has a passion for diversionary measures and always looks to help solve underlying issues in an effort to reduce recidivism, costs to the County and time spent in jail instead of treatment.

**Kendall McKimmey** is the Deputy Chief of the Mental Health Division and a felony chief prosecutor in charge of cases involving incompetent defendants at the Dallas County District Attorney's Office. In this position, she is responsible for committing defendants to the State Hospital, monitoring those treated on an outpatient basis and handling the hearings that come with these commitments. She also assists in the administrative duties for the Division. Kendall graduated in 2003 from Texas Wesleyan Law School and began her career as a criminal defense attorney. She practiced in the private sector in Dallas for 10 years before joining the DA's office in 2013. Since becoming an Assistant District Attorney she has concentrated primarily on mental health cases - participating in mental health diversion programs as well as handling a general mental health case load and now handles the competency cases.



# Mental Health Division Lee Pierson

Dallas District Attorney's Office



# Introduction

- History
- Attorneys
- Administrative Assistant
- Care Coordinators



# How do we get new cases?

- Defense attorneys
- Other prosecutors
- Judges
- Intake Division grand juries
- Competency Returns
- Police departments
  - Right Care or Mental Health Teams



# Types of Mental Health Cases

- Competency cases
- Insanity
- Cases involving neither incompetency or insanity but that still have a defendant with a mental health diagnosis or diagnoses.
  - Many times, they will also have substance abuse issues



# What is the difference between Incompetency, Insanity & Mental illness?

• Competency – goes to the current mental state and ability to stand trial.

Insanity goes to the person's mental state at the time of the offense

 Mental health/illness – relates to the person's impairment of thoughts



# Intake process

- Starts with a referral
- Start with a yes on every case
- Look at factors to determine if a case should come into the Mental Health Division. Should it be a no
  - Factors considered criminal history many people will have lengthy criminal histories - what types of cases, what has been done in the past.
  - Diagnosis or diagnoses of the defendant
    - Don't exclude any diagnosis one exception



# Intake process continued

- Is there a connection between the crime and the mental health diagnosis is it more criminogenic in nature
- Mental health records
- Treatment assessments
- Probation assessments
- 16.22 assessments
- Psychological evaluations and risk assessments
- Any other documents you want to request



# Special Intake considerations

What do you do if you don't accept a case:

What about documents, assessments etc., that were provided by defense counsel

What about noting up your file



# The Defendant is accepted into the Mental Health Division; Now What?

- Diversion Programs
  - Misdemeanor MHJD
  - Felony SET

Pre-Trial Intervention agreements



# Brief overview of Competency Process

- ICR v. OCR
- Initial commitments versus recommitments
- Hospital waitlist
- JBCR
- Most important thing to know: if you get a competency report contact the Mental Health Division attorney handling competency.



# **Brief Overview of Insanity**

- Intake of new insanity cases
- Inpatient in most cases initially
- Outpatient requests from the hospital handled by the Mental Health Division
- Monitoring of cases



# MH Caseloads & Budget Requests

# **Felony Intake**

- Felony Cases Reviewed 86% increase
  - 2020 538
  - 2021 998
- 60% acceptance rate
- Resulted in an additional 270 new cases on top of what would have normally been accepted in 2021

BUDGET REQUEST—1 new attorney and 1 legal assistant

# **Felony Caseloads**

- 270 new cases in 2021 = an entire new caseload that needs to be assigned
- 3 Felony attorneys carry caseloads of 322, 252 and 276 each
- 1 attorney handles 170 cases (spread out over misdemeanor and felony courts)
- Recommended caseload is 200 per attorney
- With 1290 current cases we need 6.45 attorneys (2.45 more than we have) just for our felony caseloads



# MH Caseloads & Budget Requests

# **Misdemeanor Caseload**

- 138 total new intake cases in 2021
- Already 121 through April 2022
- 33% increase in outpatient recommendations from 2017- 2021

# Felony & Misdemeanor Competency Caseload

- 700 Felony Competency hearings a year
- 400 Misdemeanor Competency hearings a year
- 50% increase in competency hearings from 2017-2021
- 33% increase in outpatient recommendations from 2017- 2021

BUDGET REQUEST – 1 new attorney & 1 legal assistant

\*Proactive measures to reduce hospital waitlist

BUDGET REQUEST – 1 new attorney



# Conclusion

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Cell Phone: 469-371-0150

# Detention Early Warning Report (DEWR)-Glossary

The DEWR is a 32 line item report which provides a snapshot of the Dallas County Jail Population, capturing the primary case status/category (also referred to as a "bucket"). The DEWR consists of pre-disposition Felony and Misdemeanor cases, and those adjudicated which are awaiting release or transfer.

1 Felony not filed:	Felony arrest made by local law enforcement agencies (LEA's), case has not been accepted by the District Attorney (DA).
	,
2 Felony pending Grand Jury (GJ):	Felony cases accepted for prosecution and awaiting presentation to the GJ.
Felony not including State Jail	O Processing Processin
3 Felonies (SJF):	Felony offenses excluding SJF which have been indicted by the GJ and are now pending in the felony courts.
4 SJF pending disposition:	SJF offenses which have been indicted by the GJ and are now pending in the felony courts.
+ 331 pending disposition.	
5 Probation Violators (PV) Felony:	Defendants (Def's) in jail for various violations of the terms and conditions of their felony probation.
Texas Department of Criminal	
Justice (TDCJ) over 10 years on	Def's received a felony conviction and were sentenced to TDCJ >10 years; the case may or may not be on appeal. Def is not eligible for bond.
6 appeal or TDC no appeal-	bet 3 received a reliarly conviction and were sentenced to 1963 > 10 years, the case may of may not be on appeal. Bet is not engine for bond.
7 Bench Warrants:	Def's being held as a witness in another Def's case; will be transferred back to TDCJ once the case is resolved.
/ Benefit Warrants.	bet 3 being field as a withess in another bet 3 case, will be transferred back to 1 bet office the case is resolved.
8 TDCJ 10 years or less on appeal:	Def's received a felony conviction and were sentenced to TDCJ <10 years and are appealing their sentence; may be eligible to post bond.
9 Sentenced to SJF:	Def's received a felony conviction and were sentenced to a State Jail Facility, awaiting transfer.
10 SJF on appeal:	Def's received a felony conviction and were sentenced to a State Jail Facility and filed an appeal; may be eligible to post bond
11 SJF serving in county jail:	Def's received a felony conviction and were sentenced to time in the county jail.
12 Misdemeanor not filed:	Def's arrested for a misdemeanor offense by a local LEA; case has not been filed by the DA's office in the county courts.
13 Misdemeanor filed pending:	Def's charged with a misdemeanor offense and their cases have been filed with the county courts and are pending disposition
14 Misdemeanor PV:	Def's in jail for various violations of the terms and conditions of their county court probation.
Serving County Time as a	ber sirr jair for various violations of the terms and conditions of their county court probation.
15 Condition of Probation:	Def's held in county jail as a condition of probation (sanction). Not eligible for good time credit.
16 Serving County Time & Fines:	Def's sentenced to jail time and are serving their sentence.
Serving County Time & Fines.  Serving Fines and Court Cost	Det s'entenced to jail time and are serving their sentence.
17 only:	Def's serving time for fines and court cost only.
17 Offity.	Def's being held for another county or jurisdiction. Upon completion of their Dallas County jail time, agencies typically have 10 days to pick up the defendant
18 Out of County/State Hold:	or they are released.
19 Parole Violations:	Def's in jail for various violations of the terms and conditions of their felony parole.
SAFPF (Substance Abuse Felony	Det siri jan for various violations of the terms and conditions of their felony parole.
	Def's ordered to a substance abuse treatment facility as a condition of felony probation and are awaiting transfer to that facility.
20 Punishment Facility):	Definition hald for William had in L. Toronto and Control Floring in Landau (FLAA), and have a support in Landau (FLAA).
21 Special Programs:	Def's being held for Wilmer Judicial Treatment Center, Electronic Leg Monitor (ELM), or other community treatment programs.
22 Other Incompetent:	Def's being held in county jail awaiting transfer to a State Mental Health Facility.
23 US Marshal:	Dallas County contracts as a US Marshal holding facility.
24 Contempt in Jail:	Def's in jail for contempt of court.
25 Contempt Furlough:	Def's temporarily released from the jail.
26 Peace Bond:	Court ordered cash bond designed to keep the peace and protect a person or property from a threat (rarely used).
27 Texas Youth Commission (TYC):	Def's being held for transfer to TYC; TYC is now Texas Juvenile Justice Department (TJJD).
28 Immigration:	Def's detained by U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) being held for transfer to a federal facility for immigration detainers.
29 Class C Misdemeanor only:	Citations which result in a fine, serving time in jail.
30 Contract Inmates:	Contract Holds for another County or Jurisdiction (overflow).
31 US Military:	Temporary hold for US Military.
32 Default:	Def's in transit: recently booked into jail (on the floor), have not been classified, and/or assigned to a jail/tank/housing unit
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### Detention Early Warning Report (DEWR) November 2022

	11/1	11/2	11/3	11/4	11/5	11/6	11/7	11/8	11/9	11/10	11/11	11/12	11/13	11/14	11/15	11/16	11/17	11/18	11/19	11/20	11/21	11/22	11/23	11/24	11/25	11/26	11/27	11/28	11/29	11/30	Avgs	1
Felony not filed	907	885	922	878	876	896	919	915	884	905	892	867	889	903	891	886	887	885	874	894	919	915	888	875	891	902	926	949	941	925	900	l
Felony pend. Grand Jury	390	391	385	404	396	393	392	391	404	407	395	424	423	423	414	416	430	455	480	479	477	479	489	488	485	485	486	486	478	489	438	ı
Felony not incl. SJF	2351	2347	2312	2323	2304	2304	2305	2306	2299	2290	2308	2293	2292	2295	2309	2319	2306	2286	2293	2293	2293	2280	2263	2260	2257	2259	2256	2256	2269	2270	2293	l
SJF pend dispo	427	434	420	425	424	425	425	416	414	413	400	390	391	389	379	376	369	361	365	366	367	372	374	366	367	371	373	376	377	384	391	l
PV-Felony	264	273	276	266	269	276	277	271	276	268	267	258	266	270	269	274	266	260	277	280	279	275	272	273	274	277	281	286	286	281	273	ı
TDC over 10y/appeal	361	375	382	364	371	371	371	356	328	334	356	365	365	355	359	372	391	382	384	384	347	358	372	382	382	382	382	382	384	395	370	l
Bench Warrants	33	33	34	31	31	31	31	28	27	29	29	29	29	29	28	28	30	29	29	29	29	30	30	33	32	32	32	32	31	33	30	l
TDC<10yr/appeal	5	5	4	4	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	l
Sentd. SJF	116	121	122	121	125	123	123	122	123	112	117	123	123	109	109	104	110	108	108	108	103	95	93	95	95	95	95	95	91	88	109	l
SJF on appeal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	l
SJF serv in co jail	13	20	17	20	19	10	10	14	15	15	16	18	17	17	16	17	15	15	15	12	12	13	13	14	14	13	13	12	12	12	15	l
Misd. not filed	76	69	77	64	48	65	73	91	80	73	73	62	73	85	82	76	83	77	75	83	100	86	71	73	95	107	129	138	126	110	84	l
Misd. filed pend.	130	141	126	145	137	135	138	138	144	128	135	138	139	143	148	137	124	123	130	131	128	133	127	129	131	129	132	134	126	133	134	
Misd-PV	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	
Serv in jail (Cond of Prob)	28	39	37	33	34	28	25	27	26	28	32	37	34	32	35	33	36	38	39	33	32	32	35	38	39	38	36	34	34	38	34	
Serving Co time & fines	20	22	22	26	20	16	16	16	17	15	15	15	14	12	14	16	14	14	12	11	11	9	9	11	10	11	9	9	10	11	14	
Serv fines/CT cost only	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	l
Out of county/state	61	67	66	74	79	77	83	86	84	76	67	75	79	76	80	80	76	85	76	77	80	80	55	41	47	48	54	53	62	62	70	
Parole Violations	160	159	167	171	171	177	179	167	163	166	168	171	174	169	174	171	178	174	175	178	167	162	168	169	171	172	177	176	175	179	171	
SAFPF	132	114	120	125	129	129	129	131	133	134	138	142	142	142	148	144	146	152	151	151	151	141	145	145	145	145	145	145	148	129	139	
Special Programs	177	157	163	167	177	179	170	149	150	161	161	173	173	173	161	159	159	160	166	167	163	144	155	157	157	158	158	158	141	150	161	
Other- Incompetent	372	371	370	368	372	372	372	362	364	357	364	365	365	365	362	361	358	358	357	357	357	357	359	361	361	361	361	358	357	355	363	
U.S. Marshal holds	33	33	33	31	32	32	32	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	30	28	27	26	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	28	29	
Contempt-in Jail	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	
Contempt-Furlough	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	
PEACE Bond	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TYC hold	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	l
Immigration hold	12	4	10	8	14	7	1	5	8	5	5	12	13	0	8	7	8	16	19	5	5	8	6	11	10	3	4	2	7	7	8	1
Class C Misd. only	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	l
Contract inmates	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
U.S. Military hold	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Default	47	77	67	90	60	75	46	53	59	58	63	46	62	68	58	78	60	70	71	72	67	53	47	46	48	53	58	50	50	42	60	JAIL
Jail Population w/ Furlough added	6120	6143	6137	6142	6097	6130	6126	6083	6037	6011	6038	6040	6100	6091	6080	6088	6079	6078	6127	6141	6119	6055	6006	6003	6047	6077	6142	6166	6139	6128	6092	182
Actual Jail Population	6120	6143	6137	6142	6097	6130	6126	6083	6037	6011	6038	6040	6100	6091	6080	6088	6079	6078	6127	6141	6119	6055	6006	6002	6046	6076	6142	6166	6139	6128	6092	182
INITALIZA																								L				Н				SI
INTAKES	212	165	199	124	119	97	134	143	155	169	129	106	99	142	157	136	169	140	106	101	138	131	144	69	101	96	113	127	167	171	135	40
RELEASES		185	173	222	86	79	127	215	170	200	123	57	62	155	158	139	159	130	81	76	188	205	177	48	59	44	71	107	187	162	133	39
VARIANCE	-63	20	-26	98	-33	-18	-7	72	15	31	-6	-49	-37	13	1	3	-10	-10	-25	-25	50	74	33	-21	-42	-52	-42	-20	20	-9	-2	-6

37 DAYS AVG LENGTH OF STAY (RELEASES)

Total Bookins 4,059

**Total Releases** 

3,994 Total Jail Bed Days

182,767

=

12,091,865

25

# **DEWR BUCKET COMPARISON**

BUCKET NAMES	Nov 2021 vs 2022	Nov 21	Nov 22	Sep 22	Oct 22	Nov 22	Oct vs Nov
	Variance		22		22	22	1407
Jail Population Avg.	495	5597	6092	6247	6205	6092	-113
				_			
SPECIAL FOCUS		_		_			
Felony Not Filed	254	646	900	952	876	900	24
Felony pend Grand Jury	97	341	438	516	511	438	-73
Fel.pend excl.SJF	64	2229	2293	2280	2299	2293	-6
Special Programs	50	111	161	139	160	161	1
Misdemeanors pending	29	105	134	140	143	134	-9
State Jail Felony Pend.	28	363	391	429	429	391	-38
TRENDING UP							
Incompetent	20	343	363	376	374	363	-11
Misd Not Filed	20	64	84	104	88	84	-4
SAFPF	14	125	139	96	128	139	11
Out of Co/State	11	59	70	66	57	70	13
Default	10	50	60	72	67	60	-7
Serv as Cond of Prob.	7	27	34	26	21	34	13
Immigration	7	1	8	10	10	8	-2
TRENDING DOWN							
Probation Viol. Felony	-46	319	273	264	266	273	7
Parole Violator only	-31	202	171	128	156	171	15
Bench Warrants	-11	41	30	29	30	30	0
Serving County Time	-8	22	14	20	23	14	-9
TDC>10yr/appeal	-6	376	370	398	381	370	-11
TDC<10yr/appeal	-6	10	4	6	6	4	-2
STABLE		∟					
US Marshal	-5	34	29	32	33	29	-4
SJF-Serv Co.Jail (12.44a)	-3	18	15	16	12	15	3
Contempt in Jail	0	3	3	2	3	3	0
TYC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Class C Misd. only	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sentenced to SJF	1	108	109	148	131	109	-22

### **DEWR BUCKET MONTHLY AVERAGES**

	Nov	Nov	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	2022
Felony not filed	20 487	21 646	22 654	22 641	22 586	22 625	22 640	22 775	22 880	22 981	22 952	22 876	900	Avg 774
Felony pend GJ	545	341	405	478	494	474	370	382	539	550	516	511	438	469
Fel.pend excl.SJF	1984	2229	2325	2276	2243	2182	2273	2231	2137	2214	2280	2299	2293	2250
State Jail Fel only	263	363	336	318	315	332	353	330	322	374	429	429	391	357
PV-Felony	341	319	333	319	298	296	276	243	262	261	264	266	273	281
TDC over 10yrs	302	376	230	286	310	415	522	518	439	442	398	381	370	392
Bench Warrants	32	41	35	29	27	27	37	31	31	29	29	30	30	30
TDC <10y/appeal	11	10	8	5	6	5	6	7	4	7	6	6	4	6
Sentenced SJF	110	108	105	106	116	127	169	204	210	197	148	131	109	147
Sentd SJF/appeal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
SJF-Serv Co Jail	12	18	10	12	14	14	14	17	17	16	16	12	15	14
Misdmnr not filed	79	64	72	74	72	74	81	83	93	98	104	88	84	84
Misdmnr filed- pend	145	105	107	126	118	117	117	123	119	138	140	143	134	126
PV-Misdmnr	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
Serv as Con of Prob.	18	27	18	20	20	20	18	26	24	25	26	21	34	23
Serv Co time/ fines	17	22	14	12	14	20	19	17	14	18	20	23	14	17
Serv fines/ fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
only Out of Co/State	80	59	60	78	75	68	71	75	58	71	66	57	70	68
Parole Vio.	216	202	145	145	137	119	129	138	112	127	128	156	171	137
SAFPF	122	125	122	119	113	123	126	135	137	112	96	128	139	123
Sp.Prgrms	192	111	111	128	103	99	117	141	136	126	139	160	161	129
Incompetent	259	343	354	376	383	395	402	395	393	387	376	374	363	382
US Marshall	119	34	36	37	38	39	37	34	38	37	32	33	29	35
Cntmpt-in Jail	0	3	2	6	6	5	4	4	4	3	2	3	3	4
Furlough	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PEACE Bond	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TYC hold	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Immigration hold	6	1	2	3	2	4	3	3	11	11	10	10	8	6
Class C only	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contract	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
US Military	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Default	74	50	57	55	60	54	61	72	68	61	72	67	60	63
Furlough added		5597	5541	5648	5552	5633	5847	5986	6048	6288	6247	6205	6092	5917
Jail Population Actual	5414	5597	5541	5648	5552	5633	5847	5986	6048	6288	6247	6205	6092	5917
g			,	,	1			,	,	,	,			
INTAKES		123	122	123	137	139		138	139	153	152	140	135	136
RELEASES	123	132	115	122	139	134	129	138	130	150	156	142	133	134
VARIANCE	-3	9	-7	-1	2	-5	-8	0	-9	-3	4	2	-2	-2

# **Dallas County Pretrial Services**

# General PT Bond Supervsion Unit November 2022 Statistical Summary Report

Month/Year	Total Supervised Cases Start Of Month	Total New PT Bond Defendants	Total New Court Ordered Cases	# of Felony Bonds	# of Mis Bonds	Successful Close outs	Unsuccessful Close outs	Total Interviews Conducted	Average dail Jail book in	Fees Collected	Fees Waived	Total Supervised Cases End Of Month
Jul-2021	188	1	8	1	1	16	4	17	139	\$0.00	\$50.00	177
Aug-2021	177	2	7	2	0	8	4	32	136	\$0.00	\$180.00	174
Sep-2021	174	1	6	0	1	8	5	19	136	\$0.00	\$20.00	168
Oct-2021	168	2	4	0	2	13	2	14	129	\$0.00	\$65.00	159
Nov-2021	159	5	4	4	5	11	1	17	123	\$210.00	\$175.00	156
Dec-2021	156	1	2	0	1	5	5	9	120	\$20.00	\$0.00	149
Jan-2022	149	8	6	5	4	7	8	22	122	\$230.00	\$110.00	148
Feb-2022	148	7	6	3	6	6	1	21	123	\$60.00	\$330.00	154
Mar-22	154	2	9	2	1	8	1	17	137	\$0.00	\$60.00	155
Apr-22	155	8	2	2	8	10	6	30	139	\$20.00	\$245.00	149
May-22	149	9	3	3	9	10	2	14	137	\$270.00	\$240.00	149
Jun-22	149	10	11	7	6	10	12	36	138	\$180.00	\$530.00	148
Jul-22	148	7	3	6	2	7	8	32	139	\$85.00	\$375.00	143
Aug-22	143	6	17	4	3	2	9	28	153	\$20.00	\$545.00	155
Sep-22	155	5	15	3	2	19	8	32	152	\$75.00	\$105.00	148
Oct-22	148	6	2	3	3	14	4	38	140	\$95.00	\$135.00	138
Nov-22	138	9	3	4	5	7	2	46	135	\$210.00	\$725.00	141

# Dallas County Pretrial Services Smart Justice Unit November 2022 Statistical Summary Report

Month/Year	Total Supervised Cases Start Of Month	Total New Granted Defendants	# New Misd Bonds	# New Felony Bonds	Initial MH # Reviewed	# Initially Eligible	# Orders Signed	Presented for Hearing	Denied by Judge	Other	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Successful Close outs	Unsuccessful Close outs	Active CD Count	Total Supervised SJ Cases End Of Month
Nov-2021	309	33	15	27	1673	196	250	46	13	0	27	2	4	0	11	15		316
Dec-2021	316	41	8	42	1787	192	233	53	11	1	24	11	6	0	14	25	14	318
Jan-2022	318	39	9	46	1513	182	257	48	9	0	26	8	5	0	10	30	16	317
Feb-2022	317	31	11	27	1534	194	251	45	11	3	22	6	2	1	8	13	16	327
Mar-2022	327	48	17	44	2033	239	302	70	19	3	25	16	7	0	26	26	18	323
Apr-2022	323	32	17	33	1916	209	286	48	13	3	17	5	8	2	17	29	19	309
May-2022	309	45	21	48	2070	265	376	67	19	3	31	6	7	1	8	24	19	322
Jun-2022	322	45	22	47	2007	225	308	60	13	1	29	8	7	1	22	28	15	317
Jul-2022	317	29	5	41	1890	208	279	42	12	1	16	6	7	0	7	24	14	315
Aug-2022	315	60	21	65	2391	307	395	82	17	5	47	6	7	0	25	30	14	320
Sep-2022	320	36	17	31	1915	243	312	52	16	0	26	7	3	0	15	23	23	318
Oct-2022	318	28	7	31	1796	192	254	43	14	1	12	8	8	0	15	30	26	301
Nov-2022	301	31	8	36	1600	173	233	39	8	0	20	9	2	0	16	23	26	293

April 20	17- Presen	<u>t</u>							,
	Initial MH #	<u>Eligible</u>	# Orders Signed	Presented	Denied	Other	Granted	Misd	Felony
Totals:	99,587	12,752	16,458	3,275	582	85	2,607	1,321	2,364

# Dallas County Pretrial Services Electronic Monitoring Unit November 2022 Statistical Summary Report

Month/Year	Total Supervised Cases Start Of Month (ELM/ASP)	TOTAL NEW BOND ELM DEFENDANTS	TOTAL NEW ASP DEFENDANTS	SUCCESSFUL CLOSE OUTS	UNSUCCESSFUL CLOSE OUTS	Total violations submitted - NEW OFFENSE	Technical	Total Jail Bed Days x Cost	Total Jail Bed Expenses Saved	Total Supervised Cases End Of Month (ELM/ASP)
Nov-2021	854	157	22	144	55	3	142	25,775 x \$67.20	\$1,732,080.00	834
Dec-2021	834	140	12	113	44	1	144	25,015 x \$67.20	\$1,681.008.00	829
Jan-2022	829	92	13	61	42	4	116	24,509 x \$67.20	\$1,647,004.80	831
Feb-2022	831	107	11	56	36	5	113	24,338 x \$67.20	\$1,635,513.60	857
Mar-2022	857	115	22	100	58	5	180	25,716 x \$67.20	\$1,728,115.20	836
Apr-2022	836	144	9	134	52	9	191	23,796x \$67.20	\$1,599,091.20	803
May-2022	803	122	14	94	56	6	168	39,250 x \$67.20	\$2,637,60.00	789
Jun-2022	789	137	12	112	45	14	162	23,648 x \$67.20	\$1,589,145.60	781
Jul-2022	781	140	13	132	37	14	162	23,648 x \$67.20	\$1,589,145.60	765
Aug-2022	765	98	12	96	46	10	138	23,498 x \$67.20	\$1,579,145.60	733
Sep-2022	733	110	9	88	45	5	117	21, 681 x \$67.20	\$1,456,963.20	719
Oct-2022	719	182	9	150	36	6	107	21,332 x \$66.16	\$1,411,325.12	724
Nov-2022	724	144	8	116	37	3	130	20,952 x \$66.16	\$1,386,184.32	723

# **Dallas County Pretrial Services**

# Alcohol Monitoring Unit November 2022 Statistical Summary Report

Month/Year	Total Supervised Cases Start Of Month	Pending Bond Orders (Assigned + Unassigned)	Total New Cases Activated	Number of Successful Closeouts	Number of Unsuccessful Closeouts	Count of Violations Submitted to Court	Count of Installation notices submitted	Count of Supervised Cases (End of Month)	Supervison Fees Collected
Nov-2021	1652	262	137	97	25	243	76	1667	\$ 17,395.50
Dec-2021	1667	190	81	79	14	179	54	1655	\$ 13,470.50
Jan-2022	1655	157	122	90	17	218	74	1670	\$ 14,479.50
Feb-2022	1670	155	109	79	13	179	63	1687	\$ 15,664.00
Mar-2022	1687	168	150	140	23	237	82	1674	\$ 18,161.00
Apr-2022	1674	155	159	129	11	191	56	1693	\$ 14,355.00
May-2022	1693	154	158	154	10	185	84	1687	\$ 16,460.00
Jun-2022	1687	153	154	157	5	184	76	1679	\$ 14,608.00
Jul-2022	1679	190	123	158	15	234	80	1629	\$ 15,374.00
Aug-2022	1629	170	134	170	6	199	123	1587	\$ 12,810.00
Sep-2022	1587	182	159	148	16	231	120	1582	\$ 14,907.70
Oct-2022	1582	179	135	130	12	218	123	1575	\$ 13,907.00
Nov-2022	1575	223	139	133	25	226	145	1556	\$ 13,221.00