Dallas County Health and Human Services Arbovirus Surveillance Report



Week 36 ending September 09, 2017

- In week 35, 13 mosquito traps tested positive for WNV. In week 36 to date, 7 mosquito traps have tested positive for WNV in zip codes: 75019, 75038, 75042, 75063.
- To date, eighteen human WNV cases were reported in 2017; including two patients who died.
- In 2017, two travel-associated confirmed human Zika cases have been identified in Dallas County. An additional 13 pregnant women with laboratory criteria for possible Zika infection have been reported to CDC for inclusion in the US Zika Pregnancy Registry.
- Aedes albopictus and Aedes aegypti are currently circulating in the area.

Table 1. Mosquito Laboratory and Human Case Surveillance Data for WNV, Dallas County

Week Ending	7/29	8/05	8/12	8/19	8/26	9/02	9/09	YTD
MMWR Week	30	31	32	33	34	35*	36*	
Total Traps Placed in Dallas County ^a	250	255	253	267	258	287	221	5,443
Number of Positive Mosquito Traps (PHL; IL) c	28; 4	30; 7	32; 3	35;1	18; 4	13; 0	7; 0	316; 26
Number of Pools Tested (PHL; IL) b,c		218; 34	202; 36	234; 36	211; 29	229; 38	183; 32	4,756; 816
Number of Trap Results Currently Pending		0	2	0	0	0	0	
Average Number of Cx. quinquefasciatus per Trap d		24.0	23.7	35.8	20.0	36.2	25.9	50.1
Total Number of Cx. quinquefasciatus Trapped and Tested	5,344	5,154	5,019	6,652	4,468	7,116	4,852	165,203
Number of Positive Mosquito Pools (PHL; IL) ^c	28; 5	30; 7	32; 3	35; 1	18; 4	13; 0	7; 0	317; 27
WNV Infection Rate per 1,000 <i>Cx. quinquefasciatus</i> ^e		7.84	7.74	5.86	5.30	1.89	1.46	
Weekly Vector Index (VI) ^f		0.19	0.18	0.21	0.11	0.07	0.04	
Presumptive WNV Viremic Blood Donors	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WNV Human Cases (WNND; WNF) ^g	0; 0	2; 1	2; 3	1; 2	1; 1	2; 1	0; 0	9; 9

Table 2. Mosquito Laboratory and Human Case Surveillance Data for Chikungunya, Dengue and Zika Virus, Dallas County

Week Ending		8/05	8/12	8/19	8/26	9/02	9/09	YTD
MMWR Week		31	32	33	34	35*	36*	
Total Biogents Sentinel-Traps Placed in Dallas County h	40	40	32	39	33	38	17	640
Average Number of <i>Aedes per</i> Trap i	14.0	19.6	13.6	16.4	26.5	24.3	12.4	18.0
Chikungunya Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable) ^j	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Dengue Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable) k	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	4
Zika Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
Pregnant Women with Possible Zika Infection ^m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13

^{*}Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary, and reflect results reported as of 12:30 p.m. September 11, 2017.

- a. All traps deployed in municipalities submitting data to DCHHS since January 1st, 2017. Includes traps without mosquitoes, malfunctioning traps and traps with pending results
- b. Excludes traps without female Culex quinquefasciatus identified. Maximum of 50 female Culex quinquefasciatus per pool; more than 1 pool may be tested per trap
- c. PHL = Public health laboratory (DSHS, DCHHS) testing performed by viral culture or CDC RT-PCR protocol; IL = Testing from independent labs by alternate methods
- d. Average abundance of female Culex quinquefasciatus mosquitoes per trap night/week (excludes non-working traps)
- e. WNV Infection rates calculated using a Maximum Likelihood Estimation (MLE). Biggerstaff BJ. PooledInfRate, version 4.0; Microsoft Excel Add-In; CDC 2007
- f. The Vector Index (VI) reflects the MLE adjusted for Culex quinquefasciatus abundance. VI= $\sum_{i=species} \overline{N}i\hat{P}i$, where N is the average number of Culex quinquefasciatus mosquitoes collected per trap night and \hat{P} is the estimated infection rate
- g. Human cases by week of report to health department. WNND = West Nile Neuroinvasive Disease; WNF = West Nile Fever
- h. All Biogents (BG) Sentinel traps deployed in municipalities submitting data to DCHHS since Week 13.
- i. Average abundance of Aedes albopictus and Aedes aegypti mosquitoes per night/trap in BG-Traps (excludes non-working traps)
- j. Human CHKV cases by week of report to health department (AT : Autochthonous case; I : imported)
- k. Human Dengue cases by week of report to the health department
- I. Confirmed and probable human Zika cases by week of specimen collection date $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($
- m. Possible Zika Virus Infection Among Pregnant Women United States and Territories, May 2016, http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/65/wr/mm6520e1.htm/

Table 3. WNV Positive Gravid Mosquito Traps and Human WNV Cases by City, Dallas County, 2017

We	ek Ending		7/29	8/05	8/12	8/19	8/26	9/02	9/09	YTD
MMWR Week		30	31	32	33	34	35*	36*		
	# Human	Range Total #	# WNV+							
	Cases	of Traps/Week ¹	Traps							
Addison	0	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	7
Balch Springs	0	1 – 4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3
Carrollton	0	7-8	5	3	3	3	2	0	0	30
Cedar Hill	0	1-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Cockrell Hill	0	1-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Coppell	1	6	2	2	1	3	3	1	4	29
Dallas	10	2 – 104	6	8	9	12	3	1	0	93
DeSoto	0	2 – 6	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	3
Duncanville	0	1-6	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	5
Farmers Branch	0	4	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	7
Garland	0	3 – 27	3	2	1	5	5	5	1	35
Glenn Heights	0	1-7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Grand Prairie	0	24 – 33	2	6	3	1	3	0	0	20
Highland Park	1	1 – 10	1	0	3	1	0	2	0	7
Hutchins	0	1 – 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Irving	4	7 – 15	4	4	5	4	3	1	2	39
Lancaster	0	1 – 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mesquite	0	10 – 25	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	12
Richardson	2	12 – 13	5	5	2	1	2	1	0	26
Rowlett	0	2 – 7	1	1	3	0	0	1	0	12
Sachse	0	1 – 4	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	4
Seagoville	0	1-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Sunnyvale	0	1-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unincorporated County	0	1-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
University Park	0	3-8	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
Wilmer	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	18		32	37	35	36	22	13	7	342

^{*}Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary, and reflect results reported as of 12:30 p.m. September 11, 2017. 1Range of numbers of traps placed weekly, in weeks 1 - 36.

Figure 1: All WNV Negative and Positive Mosquito Traps Collected During 2017: Weeks 1-36 (N=5,443)

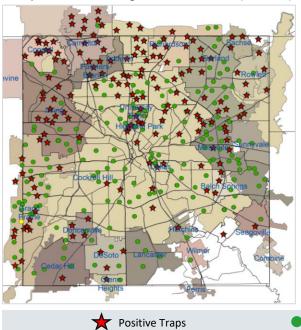
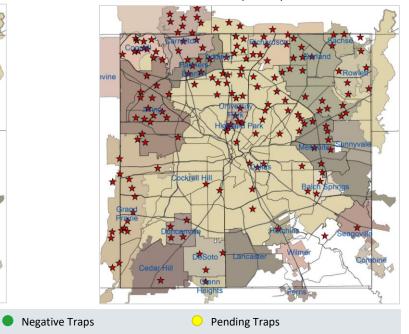


Figure 2: Cumulative WNV Positive Mosquito Traps Collected: Weeks 1-36 (N=342)



*Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary

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Figure 3: WNV Positive Mosquito Traps Collected During 2017: Weeks 35 and 36* (N=20)

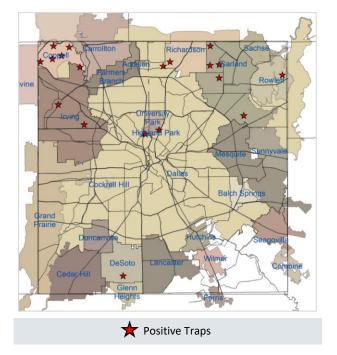
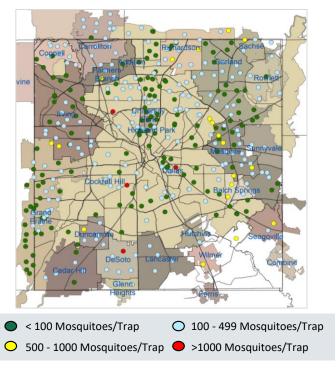
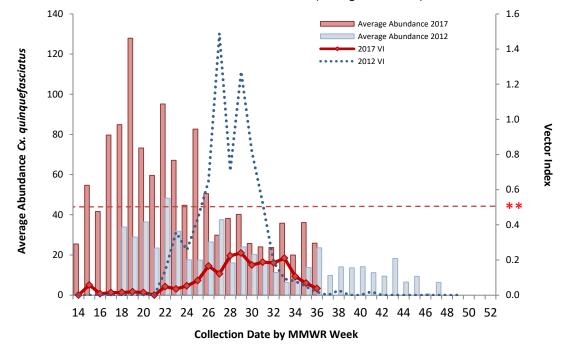


Figure 4: Trap Counts of Female Cx. quinquefasciatus from 2017 Season: Weeks 1-36*



^{*}Figure 4 only shows traps for which results were available; malfunctioning traps were excluded. Almost all traps are at fixed sites. Note: Most recent 1-2 weeks data are preliminary and subject to change following receipt of data still pending.

Figure 5: Average Numbers of Female Cx. quinquefasciatus per Trap-night and WNV Vector Index by Week: 2012 Season and 2017 Season (through Week 36*)



^{**} Vector Index of 0.50 is the historical threshold associated with larger local epidemics of WNV illnesses in humans. Note: Most recent 1-2 weeks data are preliminary and subject to change following receipt of data still pending.

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Figure 6: WNV Vector Index by Week: 2012 - 2017 Seasons

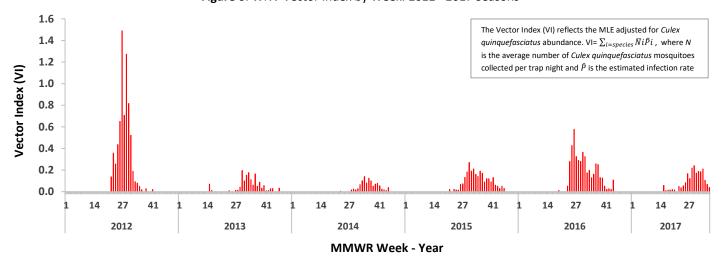


Figure 7: Average Numbers of Female Cx. quinquefasciatus per Trap-night by Week: 2012 - 2017 Seasons

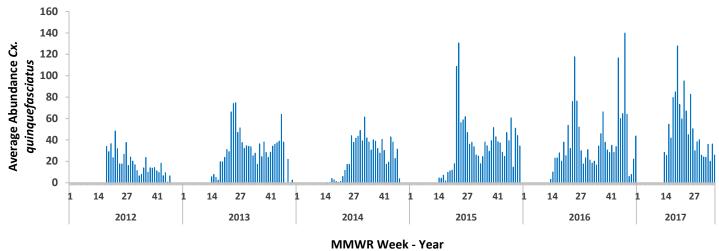
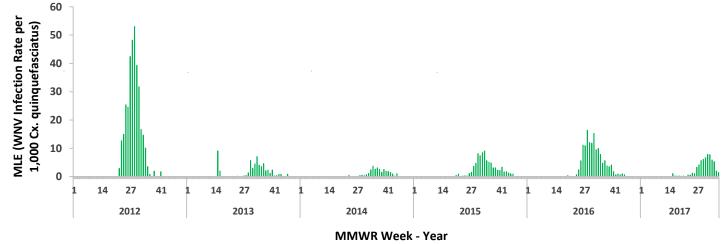


Figure 8: MLE (WNV Infection Rate per 1,000 Cx. quinquefasciatus) by Week: 2012 - 2017 Seasons



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<10 Mosquitoes/Trap</p> 0 Mosquitoes/Trap 10-30 Mosquitoes/Trap >30 Mosquitoes/Trap

Figure 9: BG-Sentinel Trap Counts of Female Aedes aegypti and Aedes albopictus During 2017: Weeks 13 through 36

Figure 10: Average Numbers of Aedes aegypti per Trap-night: 2016 and 2017 Seasons*,†

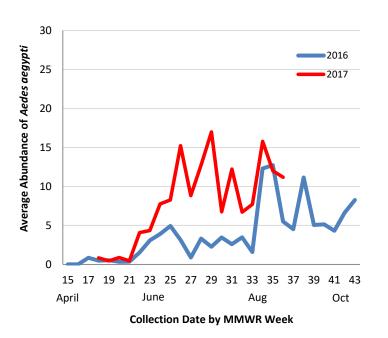
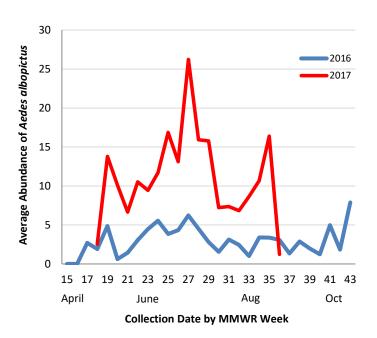


Figure 11: Average Numbers of Aedes albopictus per Trap-night: 2016 and 2017 Seasons*,[†]



*Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary Routine Aedes BG-Sentinel trapping was conducted during week 15 - 43 in 2016

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January 1, 2017 - Sep 09, 2017 120 100 Number of Rash Reports 60 20 0 4/9/2017 /22/2017 /29/2017 2/5/2017 3/5/2017 5/7/2017 5/14/2017 2/26/2017 3/19/2017 3/26/2017 4/2/2017 1/16/2017 1/23/2017 1/30/2017 5/21/2017 5/28/2017 6/4/2017 5/25/2017 7/9/2017 /30/2017 5/11/2017 2/19/201 Data alert Data warning Data normal

Figure 12: Syndromic Surveillance of Emergency Department Visits for Chief Complaints of Rash, Dallas County:

Data source: 18 emergency departments in Dallas County hospitals participating in the Electronic Surveillance System for the Early Notification Of Community-based Epidemics (ESSENCE) voluntarily reporting the numbers of persons presenting with self-reported chief complaints of rash.

Acknowledgements:

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Addison **Highland Park Balch Springs** Hutchins Carrollton Irving Cedar Hill Lancaster Cockrell Hill Mesquite Coppell Richardson **Dallas** Rowlett DeSoto Sachse Duncanville Seagoville Farmers Branch Sunnyvale Garland **University Park** Glenn Heights Wilmer **Grand Prairie**

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Municipal Mosquito

Vector Disease Control International

Mosquito Speciation and Laboratory Testing:

DCHHS Environmental Health Services: Mosquito Lab

DCHHS LRN Laboratory

DSHS Laboratory Services, Arbovirus-Entomology Team

Municipal Mosquito

Human Case Reports and Investigations:

Area Acute Care Hospitals and Healthcare Providers

Dallas County Medical Examiner's Office

City of Dallas Vital Statistics Unit

Carter Blood Care

American Red Cross

DCHHS Acute Communicable Disease Epidemiology Division

Zika Pregnancy Registry Team

Arboviral Case Investigation and Clinical Inquiries Team

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