Dallas County Health and Human Services Arbovirus Surveillance Report



Week 42 ending October 21, 2017

- In week 41, six mosquito traps tested positive for WNV. In week 42 to date, three mosquito traps have tested positive for WNV in zip codes: 75115, 75146.
- To date, 26 human WNV cases were reported in 2017; including two patients who died.
- In 2017, two travel-associated confirmed human Zika cases have been identified in Dallas County. An additional 13 pregnant women with laboratory criteria for possible Zika infection have been reported to CDC for inclusion in the US Zika Pregnancy Registry.
- Aedes albopictus and Aedes aegypti are currently circulating in the area.

Week Ending	9/09	9/16	9/23	9/30	10/07	10/14	10/21	YTD
MMWR Week	36	37	38	39	40	41*	42*	
Total Traps Placed in Dallas County ^a	241	249	265	249	228	227	121	6,787
Number of Positive Mosquito Traps (PHL; IL) ^c	7; 0	8; 0	4; 0	4; 0	8; 0	6; 0	3; 0	349; 27
Number of Pools Tested (PHL; IL) ^{b,c}	202; 32	204; 33	224; 31	195; 34	181; 34	173; 24	78; 24	5,946; 1,001
Number of Trap Results Currently Pending	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	
Average Number of Cx. quinquefasciatus per Trap ^d	24.6	29.8	22.4	26.2	28.4	14.0	17.6	44.8
Total Number of Cx. quinquefasciatus Trapped and Tested	5,073	5,650	5,284	5,300	4,849	2,985	1,863	191,152
Number of Positive Mosquito Pools (PHL; IL) $^{\circ}$	7; 0	8; 0	4; 0	4; 0	10; 0	6; 0	3; 0	352; 28
WNV Infection Rate per 1,000 Cx. quinquefasciatus ^e	1.40	1.44	0.76	0.76	2.15	2.07	1.64	
Weekly Vector Index (VI) ^f	0.03	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.03	0.03	
Presumptive WNV Viremic Blood Donors	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WNV Human Cases (WNND; WNF) ^g	2; 0	1; 0	1; 1	1; 0	1; 0	1; 0	0; 0	15; 11

Table 1. Mosquito Laboratory and Human Case Surveillance Data for WNV, Dallas County

Table 2. Mosquito Laboratory and Human Case Surveillance Data for Chikungunya, Dengue and Zika Virus, Dallas County

Week Ending		9/16	9/23	9/30	10/07	10/14	10/21	YTD
MMWR Week	36	37	38	39	40	41*	42*	
Total Biogents Sentinel-Traps Placed in Dallas County ^h	27	37	36	35	35	32	14	839
Average Number of Aedes per Trap ⁱ	12.0	8.7	10.4	4.2	6.6	33.2	30.1	16.9
Chikungunya Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable) ^j	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Dengue Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable) ^k	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
Zika Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Pregnant Women with Possible Zika Infection ^m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13

*Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary, and reflect results reported as of 12:30 p.m. October 23, 2017.

- a. All traps deployed in municipalities submitting data to DCHHS since January 1st, 2017. Includes traps without mosquitoes, malfunctioning traps and traps with pending results
- b. Excludes traps without female Culex quinquefasciatus identified. Maximum of 50 female Culex quinquefasciatus per pool; more than 1 pool may be tested per trap
- c. PHL = Public health laboratory (DSHS, DCHHS) testing performed by viral culture or CDC RT-PCR protocol; IL = Testing from independent labs by alternate methods

d. Average abundance of female Culex quinquefasciatus mosquitoes per trap night/week (excludes non-working traps)

e. WNV Infection rates calculated using a Maximum Likelihood Estimation (MLE). Biggerstaff BJ. PooledInfRate, version 4.0; Microsoft Excel Add-In; CDC 2007

f. The Vector Index (VI) reflects the MLE adjusted for Culex quinquefasciatus abundance. VI= \sum_{i=species} \overline{N} i \vec{P} i, where N is the average number of Culex quinquefasciatus mosquitoes collected per trap night and \vec{P} is the estimated infection rate

g. Human cases by week of report to health department. WNND = West Nile Neuroinvasive Disease; WNF = West Nile Fever

- h. All Biogents (BG) Sentinel traps deployed in municipalities submitting data to DCHHS since Week 13.
- i. Average abundance of Aedes albopictus and Aedes aegypti mosquitoes per night/trap in BG-Traps (excludes non-working traps)
- j. Human CHKV cases by week of report to health department (AT : Autochthonous case; I : imported)
- k. Human Dengue cases by week of report to the health department

I. Confirmed and probable human Zika cases by week of specimen collection date

m. Possible Zika Virus Infection Among Pregnant Women — United States and Territories, May 2016, http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/65/wr/mm6520e1.htm/

Week Ending			9/09	9/16	9/23	9/30	10/07	10/14	10/21	YTD
MMWR Week			36	37	38	39	40	41*	42*	
	# Human	Range Total #	# WNV+							
	Cases	of Traps/Week ¹	Traps							
Addison	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
Balch Springs	0	1-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Carrollton	0	7 – 8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30
Cedar Hill	0	1-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Cockrell Hill	0	1 – 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Coppell	1	6	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	30
Dallas	16	2 – 90	0	5	0	1	3	3	0	105
DeSoto	0	2 – 6	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	7
Duncanville	0	1-6	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	7
Farmers Branch	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
Garland	2	3 – 27	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	36
Glenn Heights	0	1-7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Grand Prairie	0	24 – 33	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	21
Highland Park	1	1 - 10	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	9
Hutchins	0	1 – 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Irving	4	7 – 15	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	40
Lancaster	0	1-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Mesquite	0	10 – 23	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	14
Richardson	2	12 – 13	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	27
Rowlett	0	2 – 7	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	14
Sachse	0	1-4	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	6
Seagoville	0	1-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Sunnyvale	0	1-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unincorporated County	0	1 – 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
University Park	0	3 – 7	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	4
Wilmer	0	1-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	26		7	8	4	4	8	6	3	376

Table 3	WNV Positive	Gravid Mosquito	Trans and Humar	WNV Cases by (City, Dallas County, 2017
		Gravia iviosquito	J maps and mannar		city, Dunus County, 2017

*Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary, and reflect results reported as of 12:30 p.m. October 23, 2017. ¹Range of numbers of traps placed weekly, in weeks 1 - 42.

Figure 1: All WNV Negative and Positive Mosquito Traps Collected During 2017: Weeks 1-42 (N=6,787)

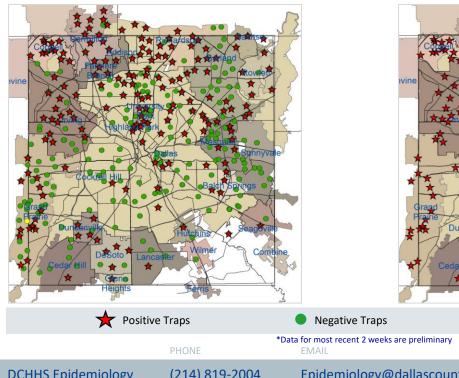
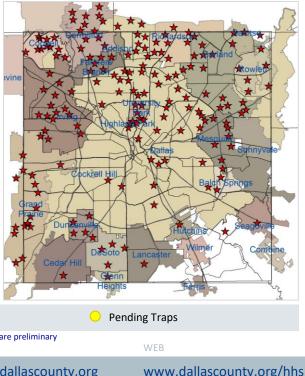


Figure 2: Cumulative WNV Positive Mosquito Traps Collected: Weeks 1-42 (N=376)



DCHHS Epidemiology

(214) 819-2004

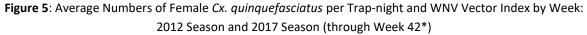
Epidemiology@dallascounty.org

www.dallascounty.org/hhs

Figure 3: WNV Positive Mosquito Traps Collected During 2017: Weeks 41 and 42* (N=9)

Image: Section 1 and 1

*Figure 4 only shows traps for which results were available; malfunctioning traps were excluded. Almost all traps are at fixed sites. <u>Note</u>: Most recent 1-2 weeks data are preliminary and subject to change following receipt of data still pending.



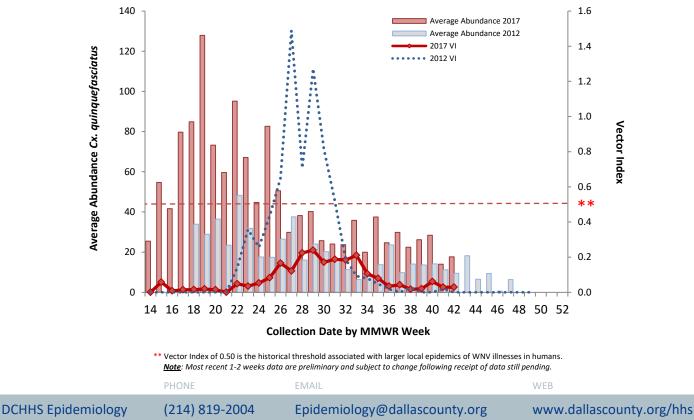


Figure 4: Trap Counts of Female *Cx. quinquefasciatus* from 2017 Season: Weeks 1-42*

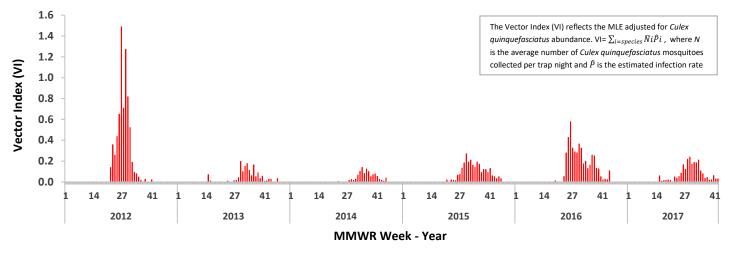
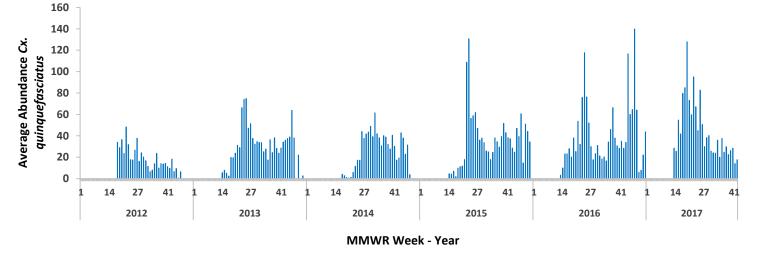
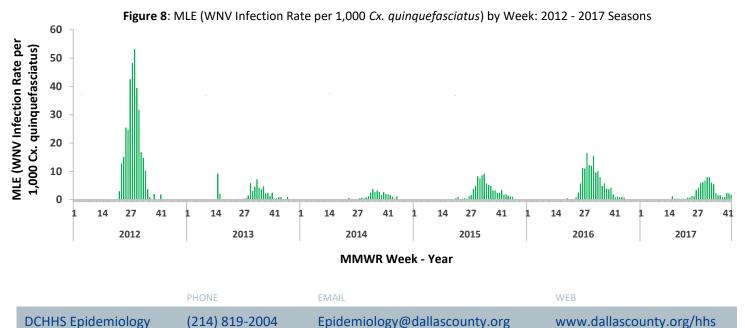


Figure 6: WNV Vector Index by Week: 2012 - 2017 Seasons







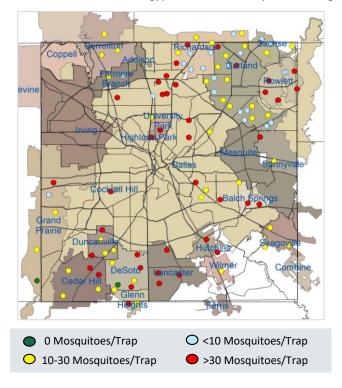
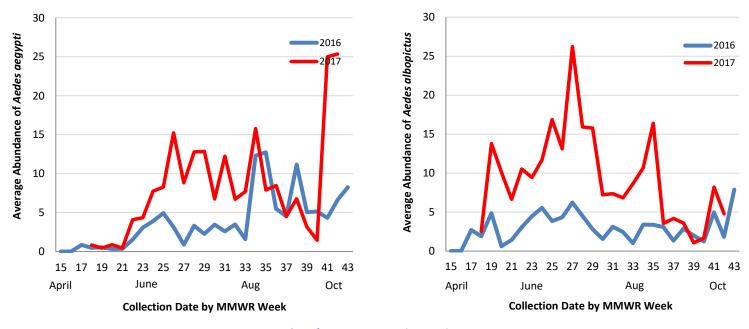


Figure 9: BG-Sentinel Trap Counts of Female Aedes aegypti and Aedes albopictus During 2017: Weeks 13 through 42

Figure 10: Average Numbers of *Aedes aegypti* per Trap-night: 2016 and 2017 Seasons^{*,†}

Figure 11: Average Numbers of *Aedes albopictus* per Trap-night: 2016 and 2017 Seasons^{*,†}



*Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary Routine Aedes BG-Sentinel trapping was conducted during week 15 - 43 in 2016

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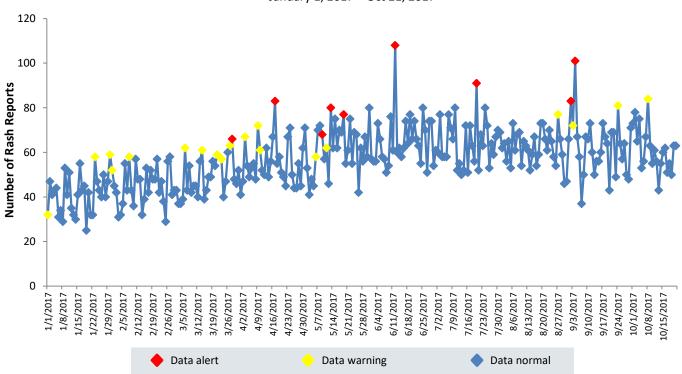


Figure 12: Syndromic Surveillance of Emergency Department Visits for Chief Complaints of Rash, Dallas County: January 1, 2017 – Oct 21, 2017

Data source: 18 emergency departments in Dallas County hospitals participating in the Electronic Surveillance System for the Early Notification Of Community-based Epidemics (ESSENCE) voluntarily reporting the numbers of persons presenting with self-reported chief complaints of rash.

Acknowledgements:

We are grateful for the partnership of the following contributors to our county-wide Arboviral Surveillance Report:

Mosquito Trapping and Data from Environmental Health Services Divisions of the Following Cities:

Addison **Highland Park Balch Springs** Hutchins Carrollton Irving Cedar Hill Lancaster Cockrell Hill Mesquite Coppell Richardson Dallas Rowlett DeSoto Sachse Duncanville Seagoville Farmers Branch Sunnyvale Garland **University Park Glenn Heights** Wilmer **Grand Prairie**

Mosquito Trapping and Data From:

Mosquito Speciation and Laboratory Testing:

DCHHS E	nvironmental Health Services: Mosquito Lab
DCHHS L	RN Laboratory
DSHS Lal	ooratory Services, Arbovirus-Entomology Team
Municipa	al Mosquito
Human Case F	Reports and Investigations:
Area Acu	te Care Hospitals and Healthcare Providers
Dallas Co	ounty Medical Examiner's Office
City of D	allas Vital Statistics Unit
Carter Bl	ood Care
America	n Red Cross
DCHHS A	cute Communicable Disease Epidemiology Division
Zika Pi	regnancy Registry Team
Arbov	iral Case Investigation and Clinical Inquiries Team
East in aut	vice veloted to this Arboviral Curveillance Depart

DCHHS Environmental Health Services: Vector Control Division Municipal Mosquito

Vector Disease Control International

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