# Dallas County Health and Human Services Arbovirus Surveillance Report



Week 36 ending September 08, 2018

- In week 35, sixteen mosquito traps tested positive for WNV in *Culex quinquefasciatus*. In week 36 to date, sixteen mosquito traps tested positive for WNV in *Culex quinquefasciatus*. Positive traps were located in the following zip codes: 75019, 75043, 75044, 75080, 75088, 75115, 75137, 75149, 75150, 75205, 75216, 75244, and 75287.
- To date, nine human WNV cases were reported in 2018. One WNV associated death was reported in 2018.
- In 2018, no travel-associated confirmed human Zika cases have been identified in Dallas County. Four pregnant women with laboratory criteria for possible Zika infection have been reported to CDC for inclusion in the US Zika Pregnancy Registry.
- Aedes albopictus and Aedes aegypti are currently circulating in the area.

Table 1. Mosquito Laboratory and Human Case Surveillance Data for WNV in Cx. quinquefasciatus, Dallas County

Week Ending		08/04	08/11	08/18	08/25	09/01	09/08	YTD
MMWR Week	30	31	32	33	34	35*	36*	
Total Traps Placed in Dallas County <sup>a</sup>	251	247	245	253	256	247	224	5,501
Number of Positive Mosquito Traps (PHL; IL) <sup>b,c</sup>	10; 0	16; 4	17; 0	21; 0	11; 0	15; 1	16; 0	145; 5
Number of Pools Tested (PHL; IL) b,c		209; 26	206; 27	215; 29	216; 29	227; 28	191; 34	3,870; 535
Number of Trap Results Currently Pending	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	
Average Number of <i>Cx. quinquefasciatus</i> per Trap <sup>d</sup>	30.2	33.1	27.5	36.4	27.0	46.3	48.4	27.5
Total Number of Cx. quinquefasciatus Trapped and Tested	5,704	6,421	5,493	6,728	5,529	7,947	7,172	106,188
Number of Positive Mosquito Pools (PHL; IL) <sup>c</sup>	10; 0	16; 5	17; 0	21; 0	11; 0	17; 1	16; 0	151; 6
WNV Infection Rate per 1,000 Cx. quinquefasciatus <sup>e</sup>		3.45	3.24	3.35	2.03	2.36	2.34	
Weekly Vector Index (VI) <sup>f</sup>	0.05	0.11	0.09	0.12	0.05	0.11	0.11	
Presumptive WNV Viremic Blood Donors	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WNV Human Cases (WNND; WNF) <sup>g</sup>	0; 0	0; 0	2; 0	1; 0	0; 1	2; 0	1; 0	8; 1

Table 2. Mosquito Laboratory and Human Case Surveillance Data for Chikungunya, Dengue and Zika Virus, Dallas County

Week Ending		08/04	08/11	08/18	08/25	09/01	09/08	YTD
MMWR Week	30	31	32	33	34	35*	36*	
Total Biogents Sentinel-Traps Placed in Dallas County h	30	27	27	24	26	27	10	487
Average Number of <i>Aedes per</i> Trap i	14.5	15.1	16.8	10.8	41.6	25.3	15.7	14.0
Chikungunya Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable) <sup>j</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
Dengue Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable) k	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Zika Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pregnant Women with Possible Zika Infection <sup>m</sup>	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	4

<sup>\*</sup>Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary, and reflect results reported as of 12:30 p.m. September 10, 2018.

- a. All traps deployed in municipalities submitting data to DCHHS since January 1, 2018. Includes traps without mosquitoes, malfunctioning traps and traps with pending results
- b. Excludes traps without female Culex quinquefasciatus identified. Maximum of 50 female Culex quinquefasciatus per pool; more than 1 pool may be tested per trap
- c. PHL = Public health laboratory (DSHS, DCHHS) testing performed by viral culture or CDC RT-PCR protocol; IL = Testing from independent labs by alternate methods
- d. Average abundance of female Culex quinquefasciatus mosquitoes per trap night/week (excludes non-working traps)
- e. WNV Infection rates calculated using a Maximum Likelihood Estimation (MLE). Biggerstaff BJ. PooledInfRate, version 4.0; Microsoft Excel Add-In; CDC 2007
- f. The Vector Index (VI) reflects the MLE adjusted for Culex quinquefasciatus abundance. VI=  $\sum_{l=species} \bar{N}i\hat{P}i$ , where N is the average number of Culex quinquefasciatus mosquitoes collected per trap night and  $\hat{P}$  is the estimated infection rate
- g. Human cases by week of report to health department. WNND = West Nile Neuroinvasive Disease; WNF = West Nile Fever
- h. All Biogents (BG) Sentinel traps deployed in municipalities submitting data to DCHHS since Week 13.
- i. Average abundance of Aedes albopictus and Aedes aegypti mosquitoes per night/trap in BG-Traps (excludes non-working traps)
- j. Human CHKV cases by week of report to health department (AT : Autochthonous case; I : imported)
- k. Human Dengue cases by week of report to the health department
- I. Confirmed and probable human Zika cases by week of specimen collection date
- m. Possible Zika Virus Infection Among Pregnant Women United States and Territories, May 2016, http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/65/wr/mm6520e1.htm/

Table 3. WNV Positive Gravid Mosquito Traps and Human WNV Cases by City, Dallas County, 2018

Week Ending			07/28	08/04	08/11	08/18	08/25	09/01	09/08	YTD
MMWR Week			30	31	32	33	34	35*	36*	
	# Human	Range Total #	# WNV+							
	Cases	of Traps/Week <sup>1</sup>	Traps							
Addison	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Balch Springs	0	1-3	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	8
Carrollton	0	7	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Cedar Hill	0	2 – 6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cockrell Hill	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Coppell	0	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
Dallas	3	1-84	4	3	3	8	2	2	3	41
DeSoto	0	2 – 6	0	0	1	1	1	3	1	10
Duncanville	0	2 – 6	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	4
Farmers Branch	0	3 – 4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Garland	1	3 – 27	2	7	4	3	2	0	3	25
Glenn Heights	0	1 – 2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Grand Prairie	0	24 – 30	0	4	1	0	0	1	0	6
Highland Park	1	1 – 7	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	7
Hutchins	0	1-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Irving	2	9 – 13	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	6
Lancaster	0	4 – 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mesquite	1	19 – 23	1	1	2	4	1	3	3	17
Richardson	0	12	1	1	2	0	2	1	1	9
Rowlett	0	2-7	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	5
Sachse	0	2 – 4	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Seagoville	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sunnyvale	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unincorporated County	0	1 – 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
University Park	0	3 – 5	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	5
Wilmer	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	8		10	20	17	21	11	16	16	150

<sup>\*</sup>Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary, and reflect results reported as of 12:30 p.m. September 10, 2018. 1Range of numbers of traps placed weekly, in weeks 1 - 36.

**Figure 1**: All WNV Negative and Positive Mosquito Traps Collected During 2018: Weeks 1-36\* (N=5,501)

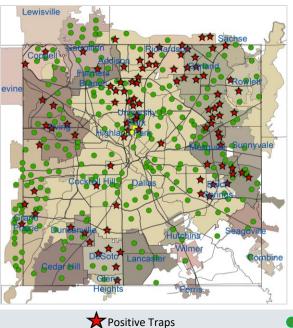
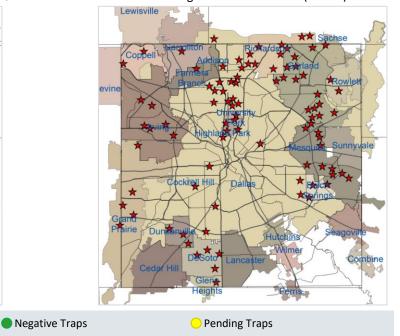
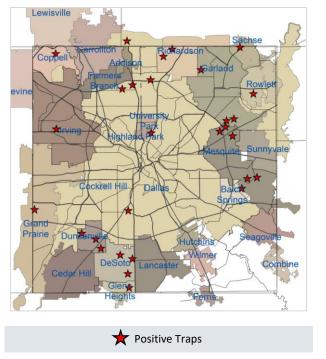


Figure 2: Cumulative WNV Positive Mosquito Traps Collected During 2018: Weeks 1-36\* (N=150)

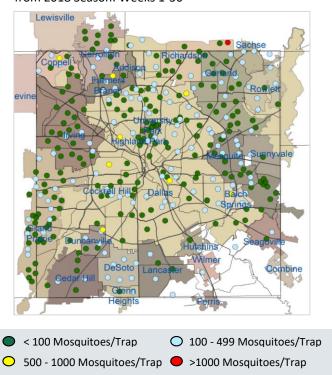


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Figure 3: WNV Positive Mosquito Traps Collected During 2018: Weeks 35 and 36\* (N=32)



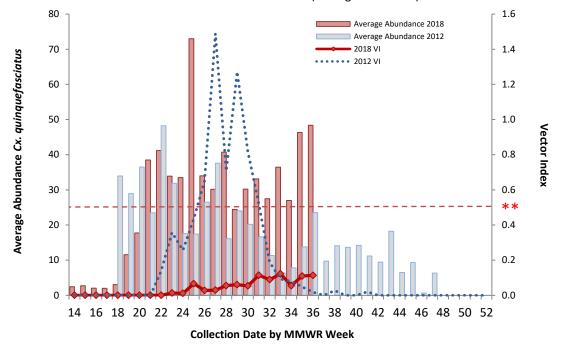
**Figure 4**: Trap Counts of Female *Cx. quinquefasciatus* from 2018 Season: Weeks 1-36\*



\*Figure 4 only shows traps for which results were available; malfunctioning traps were excluded. Almost all traps are at fixed sites.

Note: Most recent 1-2 weeks data are preliminary and subject to change following receipt of data still pending.

**Figure 5**: Average Numbers of Female *Cx. quinquefasciatus* per Trap-night and WNV Vector Index by Week: 2012 Season and 2018 Season (through Week 36\*)



\*\* Vector Index of 0.50 is the historical threshold associated with larger local epidemics of WNV illnesses in humans.

Note: Most recent 1-2 weeks data are preliminary and subject to change following receipt of data still pending.

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Figure 6: WNV Vector Index by Week: 2012 - 2018 Seasons

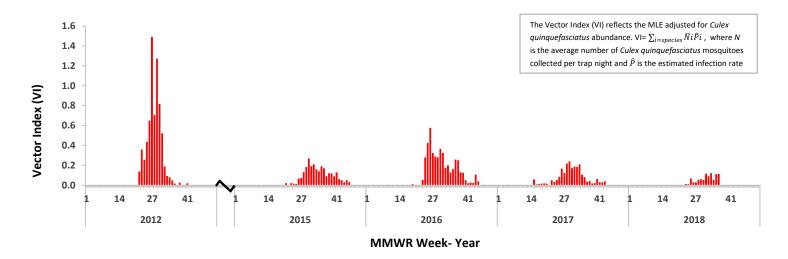


Figure 7: Average Numbers of Female Cx. quinquefasciatus per Trap-night by Week: 2012 - 2018 Seasons

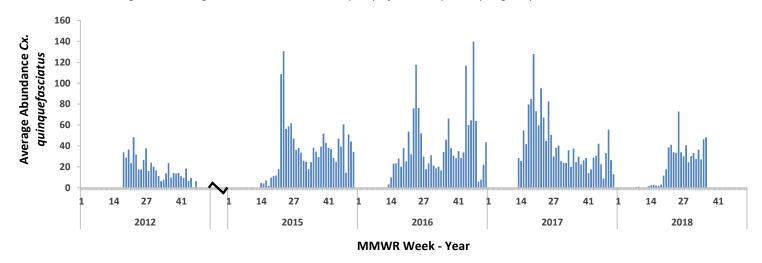
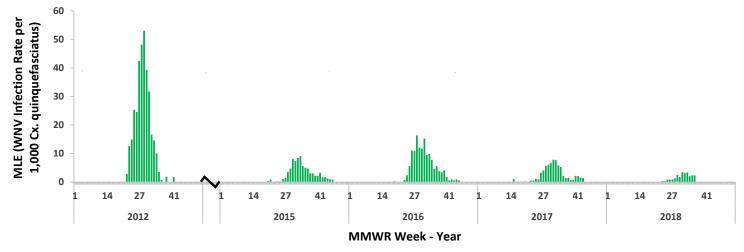


Figure 8: MLE (WNV Infection Rate per 1,000 Cx. quinquefasciatus) by Week: 2012 - 2018 Seasons



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Coppell 0 Mosquitoes/Trap O <10 Mosquitoes/Trap

>30 Mosquitoes/Trap

O 10-30 Mosquitoes/Trap

Figure 9: BG-Sentinel Trap Counts of Female Aedes aegypti and Aedes albopictus During 2018: Weeks 13 through 36

Figure 10: Average Numbers of Aedes aegypti per Trap-night: 2017 and 2018 Seasons\*,†

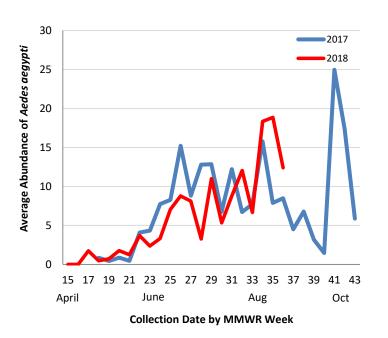
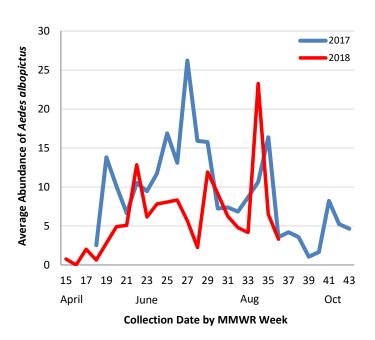


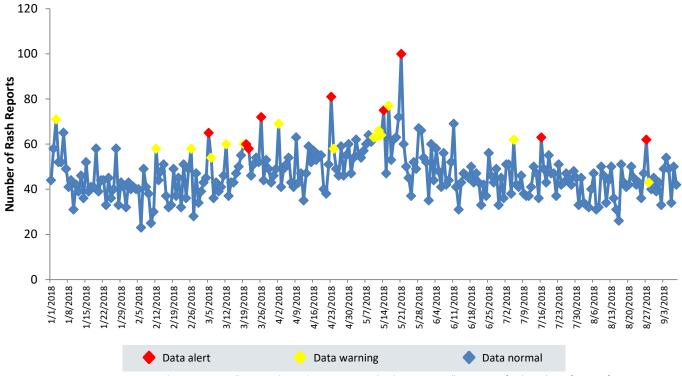
Figure 11: Average Numbers of Aedes albopictus per Trap-night: 2017 and 2018 Seasons\*,<sup>†</sup>



\*Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary Routine Aedes BG-Sentinel trapping was conducted during week 15 - 43 in 2017

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**Figure 12**: Syndromic Surveillance of Emergency Department Visits for Chief Complaints of Rash, Dallas County: January 01, 2018 – September 08, 2018



Data source: 18 emergency departments in Dallas County hospitals participating in the Electronic Surveillance System for the Early Notification Of Community-based Epidemics (ESSENCE) voluntarily reporting the numbers of persons presenting with self-reported chief complaints of rash.

## Acknowledgements:

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Addison **Highland Park Balch Springs** Hutchins Carrollton Irving Cedar Hill Lancaster Cockrell Hill Mesquite Coppell Richardson **Dallas** Rowlett DeSoto Sachse Duncanville Seagoville Farmers Branch Sunnyvale Garland **University Park** Glenn Heights Wilmer

**Grand Prairie** 

#### **Mosquito Trapping and Data From:**

**DCHHS Environmental Health Services: Vector Control Division** 

**Municipal Mosquito** 

**Vector Disease Control International** 

#### **Mosquito Speciation and Laboratory Testing:**

**DCHHS Environmental Health Services: Mosquito Lab** 

**DCHHS LRN Laboratory** 

**DSHS Laboratory Services, Arbovirus-Entomology Team** 

**Municipal Mosquito** 

#### **Human Case Reports and Investigations:**

**Area Acute Care Hospitals and Healthcare Providers** 

**Dallas County Medical Examiner's Office** 

City of Dallas Vital Statistics Unit

**Carter Blood Care** 

**American Red Cross** 

**DCHHS Acute Communicable Disease Epidemiology Division** 

Zika Pregnancy Registry Team

Arboviral Case Investigation and Clinical Inquiries Team

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