Dallas County Health and Human Services Arbovirus Surveillance Report



Week 22 ending June 1, 2019

- In week 21, one mosquito trap tested positive for WNV. In week 22 to date, one mosquito trap has tested positive for WNV in zip code: 75159.
- No human WNV cases have been reported to date for 2019.
- In 2019, 3 travel-associated Dengue cases have been identified in Dallas County.
- Aedes albopictus and Aedes aegypti are currently circulating in the area.

Table 1. Mosquito Laboratory and Human Case Surveillance Data for WNV, Dallas County

Week Ending	04/20	04/27	05/4	05/11	05/18	05/25	06/01	YTD
MMWR Week	16	17	18	19	20	21*	22*	
Total Traps Placed in Dallas County ^a	108	116	150	241	230	236	203	1,949
Number of Positive Mosquito Traps (PHL; IL) ^c	0; 0	0; 0	1; 0	0; 0	1; 0	1; 0	1; 0	4 [†] ; 0
Number of Pools Tested (PHL; IL) ^{b,c}	27; 5	43; 9	86; 9	153; 17	163; 14	186;14	146; 0	988; 77
Number of Trap Results Currently Pending	0	0	0	0	3	0	32	
Average Number of Cx. quinquefasciatus per Trap d	1.2	3.3	6.1	6.8	21.7	37.2	42.2	8.4
Total Number of Cx. quinquefasciatus Trapped and Tested	126	354	761	1,414	3,223	4,471	4,108	16,109
Number of Positive Mosquito Pools (PHL; IL) ^c	0; 0	0; 0	1; 0	0; 0	1; 0	1; 0	1; 0	4 [†] ; 0
WNV Infection Rate per 1,000 Cx. quinquefasciatus e	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.22	0.24	
Weekly Vector Index (VI) ^f	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	
Presumptive WNV Viremic Blood Donors	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WNV Human Cases (WNND; WNF) ^g	0; 0	0; 0	0; 0	0; 0	0; 0	0; 0	0; 0	0; 0

Table 2. Mosquito Laboratory and Human Case Surveillance Data for Chikungunya, Dengue and Zika Virus, Dallas County

Week Ending	04/20	04/27	05/4	05/11	05/18	05/25	06/01	YTD
MMWR Week	16	17	18	19	20	21*	22*	
Total Biogents Sentinel-Traps Placed in Dallas County ^h	4	4	19	24	25	14	23	121
Average Number of Aedes per Trap ⁱ	0	0.8	9.5	4.1	16.3	3.6	15.0	5.5
Chikungunya Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable) ^j	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dengue Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable) ^k	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
Zika Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable) ¹	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pregnant Women with Possible Zika Infection ^m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

[†]One mosquito trap with a pool containing only *Culex restuans* was positive for WNV in week 18, and is not included in VI calculations.

*Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary, and reflect results reported as of 4:00 p.m. May 31, 2019.

- a. All traps deployed in municipalities submitting data to DCHHS since January 1, 2019. Includes traps without mosquitoes, malfunctioning traps and traps with pending results
- b. Excludes traps without female Culex quinquefasciatus identified. Maximum of 50 female Culex quinquefasciatus per pool; more than 1 pool may be tested per trap
- c. PHL = Public health laboratory (DSHS, DCHHS) testing performed by viral culture or CDC RT-PCR protocol; IL = Testing from independent labs by alternate methods
 d. Average abundance of female *Culex quinquefasciatus* mosquitoes per trap night/week (excludes non-working traps)

e. WNV Infection rates calculated using a Maximum Likelihood Estimation (MLE). Biggerstaff BJ. PooledInfRate, version 4.0; Microsoft Excel Add-In; CDC 2007

f. The Vector Index (VI) reflects the MLE adjusted for *Culex quinquefasciatus* abundance. VI= $\sum_{i=species} \overline{N} i \hat{P} i$, where N is the average number of *Culex quinquefasciatus* mosquitoes collected per trap night and \hat{P} is the estimated infection rate

g. Human cases by week of report to health department. WNND = West Nile Neuroinvasive Disease; WNF = West Nile Fever

- h. All Biogents (BG) Sentinel traps deployed in municipalities submitting data to DCHHS since Week 13.
- i. Average abundance of Aedes albopictus and Aedes aegypti mosquitoes per night/trap in BG-Traps (excludes non-working traps)
- j. Human CHKV cases by week of report to health department (AT : Autochthonous case; I : imported)
- k. Human Dengue cases by week of report to the health department
 l. Confirmed and probable human Zika cases by week of specimen collection date

m. Possible Zika Virus Infection Among Pregnant Women — United States and Territories, May 2016, http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/65/wr/mm6520e1.htm/

				04/27	05/4	-		05/25	06/01	YTD
Week Ending			04/20	-	-	05/11	05/18	-	06/01	TID
MMWR Week			16	17	18	19	20	21*	22*	
	# Human	Range Total #	# WNV+							
	Cases	of Traps/Week ¹	Traps							
Addison	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Balch Springs	0	1 – 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Carrollton	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Cedar Hill	0	2 – 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cockrell Hill	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Coppell	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dallas	0	51 – 70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DeSoto	0	2 – 6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Duncanville	0	1-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Farmers Branch	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Garland	0	2 – 27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Glenn Heights	0	1-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grand Prairie	0	24 – 29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Highland Park	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hutchins	0	1-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Irving	0	7 – 19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lancaster	0	1-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mesquite	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Richardson	0	12	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Rowlett	0	1-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sachse	0	1-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Seagoville	0	1-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Sunnyvale	0	1 – 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unincorporated County	0	1-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
University Park	0	3 – 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wilmer	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0		0	0	1	0	1	1	1	4

Table 3.	WNV Positive Gravid Mosquito	Traps and Human WNV Cases by	v City, Dallas County, 2019

[†]One mosquito trap with a pool containing only *Culex restuans* was positive for WNV in week 18, and is not included in VI calculations.

*Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary, and reflect results reported as of 4:00 p.m. May 31, 2019. ¹Range of numbers of traps placed weekly, in weeks 1 - 22.

Figure 1: All WNV Negative and Positive Mosquito Traps Collected During 2019: Weeks 1-22 (N=1,949)

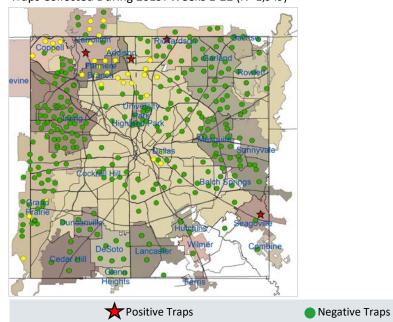
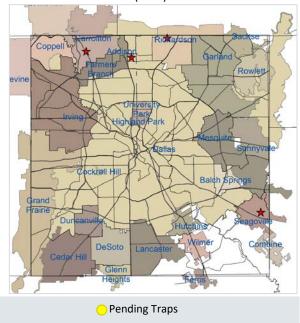
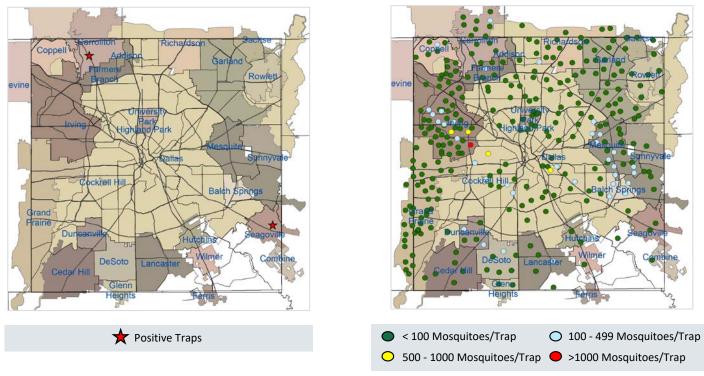


Figure 2: Cumulative WNV Positive Mosquito Traps Collected: Weeks 1-22 (N=4^{*})

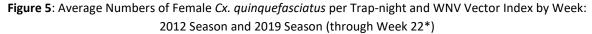


*Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary. †One mosquito tran with a pool containing only *Culex resturgs* was positive for WNV in week 18

tOne mosquito trap with a pool containing only *Culex restuans* was positive for WNV in week 18. PHONE EMAIL WEB Figure 3: WNV Positive Mosquito Traps Collected During 2019: Weeks 21 and 22* (N=2)



*Figure 4 only shows traps for which results were available; malfunctioning traps were excluded. Almost all traps are at fixed sites. Note: Most recent 1-2 weeks data are preliminary and subject to change following receipt of data still pending.



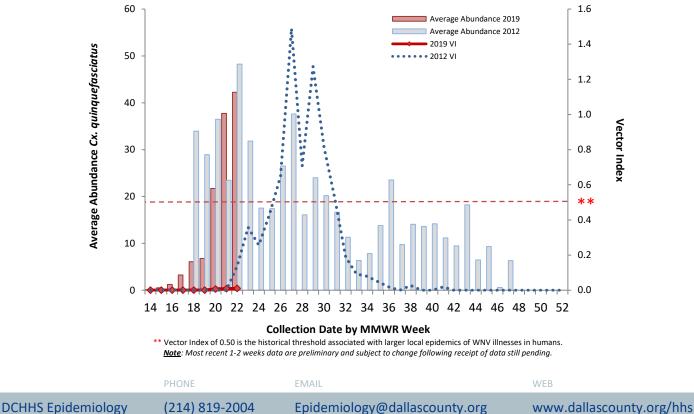


Figure 4: Trap Counts of Female Cx. quinquefasciatus from 2019 Season: Weeks 1-22*

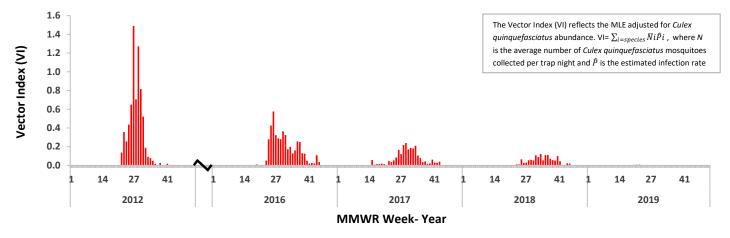


Figure 6: WNV Vector Index by Week: 2012 - 2019 Seasons

Figure 7: Average Numbers of Female Cx. quinquefasciatus per Trap-night by Week: 2012 - 2019 Seasons

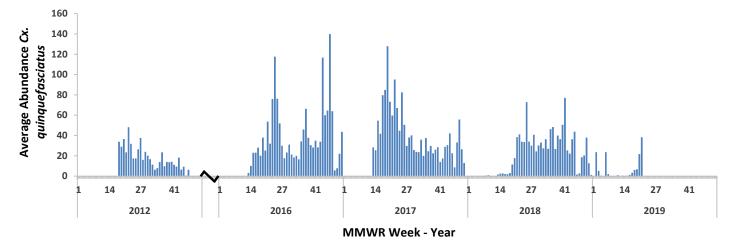
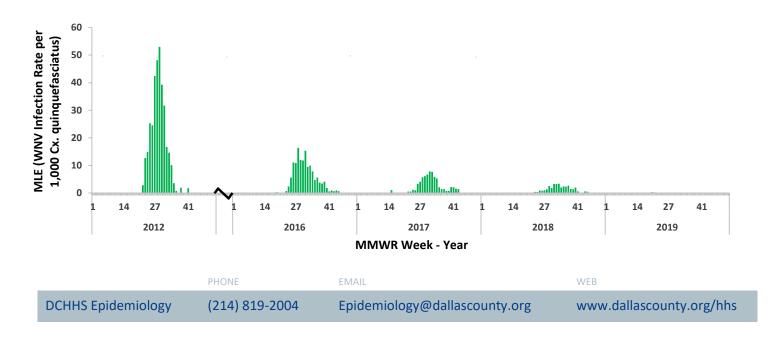


Figure 8: MLE (WNV Infection Rate per 1,000 Cx. quinquefasciatus) by Week: 2012 - 2019 Seasons



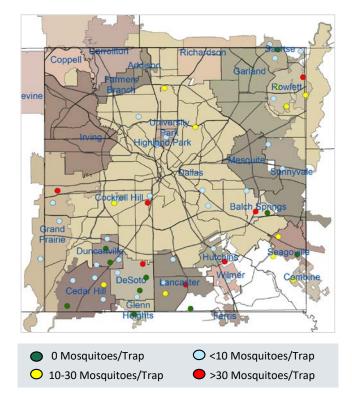
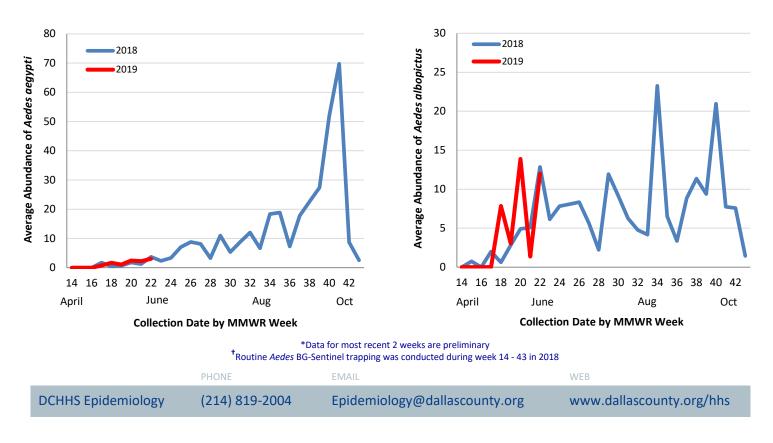


Figure 9: BG-Sentinel Trap Counts of Female Aedes aegypti and Aedes albopictus during 2019: Weeks 14 through 22⁺

Figure 10: Average Numbers of *Aedes aegypti* per Trap-night: 2018 and 2019 Seasons^{*,†}

Figure 11: Average Numbers of *Aedes albopictus* per Trap-night: 2018 and 2019 Seasons^{*,†}



Acknowledgements:

We are grateful for the partnership of the following contributors to our county-wide Arboviral Surveillance Report:

Mosquito Speciation and Laboratory Testing:

please contact: Idaresit Umoh, MPH or Kyoo Shim, MPH

Mosquito Trapping and Data from Environmental Health Services Divisions of the Following Cities:

Addison Highland Park Balch Springs Hutchins Carrollton Irving	Highland Park Hutchins	DCHHS Environmental Health Services: Mosquito Lab DCHHS LRN Laboratory DSHS Laboratory Services, Arbovirus-Entomology Team
Cedar Hill Cockrell Hill Coppell	Lancaster Mesquite Richardson	Municipal Mosquito
Dallas DeSoto Duncanville Farmers Branch Garland Glenn Heights Grand Prairie	Rowlett Sachse Seagoville Sunnyvale University Park Wilmer	Human Case Reports and Investigations: Area Acute Care Hospitals and Healthcare Providers Dallas County Medical Examiner's Office City of Dallas Vital Statistics Unit Carter Blood Care American Red Cross
		DCHHS Acute Communicable Disease Epidemiology Division
Mosquito Trapping and D	ata From:	Zika Pregnancy Registry Team
DCHHS Environment	al Health Services: Vector Control Division	Arboviral Case Investigation and Clinical Inquiries Team
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