Dallas County Health and Human Services Arbovirus Surveillance Report



Summary of 2021 WNV Season

- During 2021, a total of 7,217 gravid mosquito traps were placed in Dallas County, with 363 traps testing positive for WNV. The peak county-wide vector index was 0.27 in week 30.
- Twenty-eight human WNV cases, including three deaths were confirmed in Dallas County during the 2021 season.
- In 2021, No chikungunya or Zika cases have been reported in Dallas County.
- Two imported dengue case was reported in Dallas County in 2021.

Table 1. Mosquito Laboratory and Human Case Surveillance Data for WNV, Dallas County

Week Ending	11/20	11/27	12/4	12/11	12/18	12/25	1/1	YTD
MMWR Week	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	
Total Traps Placed in Dallas County ^a	71	47	35	58	45	0	26	7,217
Number of Positive Mosquito Traps (PHL; IL) ^c	0;0	0;0	0;0	0;0	0;0	0;0	0;0	323;40
Number of Pools Tested (PHL; IL) b,c	71;0	42;0	32;0	53;0	39;0	0;0	0;0	5,543;453
Number of Trap Results Currently Pending	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Average Number of Cx. quinquefasciatus per Trap d	52	18	15	50	46	0	21	30.3
Total Number of Cx. quinquefasciatus Trapped and Tested	2,214	713	487	1,560	1,222	0	522	132,321
Number of Positive Mosquito Pools (PHL; IL) ^c	0;0	0;0	0;0	0;0	0;0	0;0	0;0	329;40
WNV Infection Rate per 1,000 Cx. quinquefasciatus e	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Weekly Vector Index (VI) ^f	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Presumptive WNV Viremic Blood Donors	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
WNV Human Cases (WNND; WNF) ^g	1; 0	1; 0	0; 0	2; 0	0; 0	0; 0	0; 0	25;3

Table 2. Mosquito Laboratory and Human Case Surveillance Data for chikungunya, dengue and Zika virus, Dallas County

Week Ending	11/20	11/27	12/4	12/11	12/18	12/25	1/1	YTD
MMWR Week	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	
Total Biogents Sentinel-Traps Placed in Dallas County h	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	168
Average Number of Aedes per Trap i	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.5
Chikungunya Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable) j	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dengue Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable) k	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Zika Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pregnant Women with Possible Zika Infection ^m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

- a. All traps deployed in municipalities submitting data to DCHHS since January 1, 2020. Includes traps without mosquitoes, malfunctioning traps and traps with pending results
- b. Excludes traps without female Culex quinquefasciatus identified. Maximum of 50 female Culex quinquefasciatus per pool; more than 1 pool may be tested per trap
- c. PHL = Public health laboratory (DSHS, DCHHS) testing performed by viral culture or CDC RT-PCR protocol; IL = Testing from independent labs by alternate methods
- d. Average abundance of female Culex quinquefasciatus mosquitoes per trap night/week (excludes non-working traps)
- e. WNV Infection rates calculated using a Maximum Likelihood Estimation (MLE). Biggerstaff BJ. PooledInfRate, version 4.0; Microsoft Excel Add-In; CDC 2007
- f. The Vector Index (VI) reflects the MLE adjusted for *Culex quinquefasciatus* abundance. VI= $\sum_{l=species} \overline{N} i \hat{P} i$, where N is the average number of *Culex quinquefasciatus* mosquitoes collected per trap night and \hat{P} is the estimated infection rate
- g. Human cases by week of report to health department. WNND = West Nile Neuroinvasive Disease; WNF = West Nile Fever
- h. All Biogents (BG) Sentinel traps deployed in municipalities submitting data to DCHHS since Week 15.
- i. Average abundance of Aedes albopictus and Aedes aegypti mosquitoes per night/trap in BG-Traps (excludes non-working traps)
- j. Human CHKV cases by week of report to health department (AT : Autochthonous case; I : imported)
- k. Human Dengue cases by week of report to the health department
- I. Confirmed and probable human Zika cases by week of specimen collection date
- m. Possible Zika Virus Infection Among Pregnant Women United States and Territories, May 2016, http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/65/wr/mm6520e1.htm/

 Table 3.
 WNV Positive Gravid Mosquito Traps and Human WNV Cases by City, Dallas County, 2021

City	Number of Human WNV Cases	Range Total Number of Traps/Week ¹	Number of WNV Positive Traps
Addison	1	1-2	8
Balch Springs	0	1-6	3
Carrollton	0	7–8	12
Cedar Hill	0	2-10	2
Cockrell Hill	0	1– 2	1
Coppell	0	5– 6	31
Dallas	17	1– 75	116
DeSoto	0	6–12	14
Duncanville	0	5– 10	8
Farmers Branch	2	5– 5	13
Garland	0	3– 54	12
Glenn Heights	0	2–4	40
Grand Prairie	0	24–31	7
Highland Park	0	3–3	8
Hutchins	0	2–4	0
Irving	5	1-3	28
Lancaster	0	13-38	1
Mesquite	1	4– 10	31
Richardson	2	12– 25	22
Rowlett	0	12–12	3
Sachse	0	7– 14	3
Seagoville	0	3–6	0
Sunnyvale	0	2-4	0
Unincorporated County	0	2-4	0
University Park	0	1-8	8
Wilmer	0	3–4	0
Total	28		363

¹Range of numbers of traps placed weekly, in weeks 1 – 52.

Figure 1: All WNV Negative and Positive Mosquito Traps Collected During 2020: Weeks 1-52 (N=7,217)

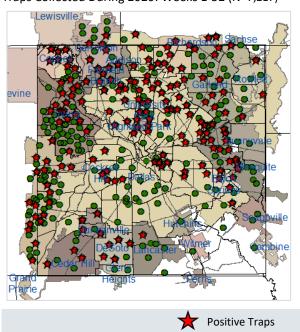
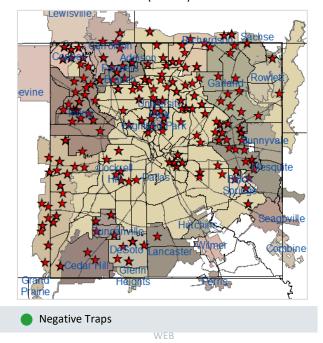


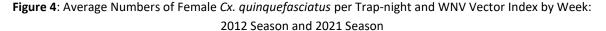
Figure 2: Cumulative WNV Positive Mosquito Traps Collected: Weeks 1-52 (N=363)

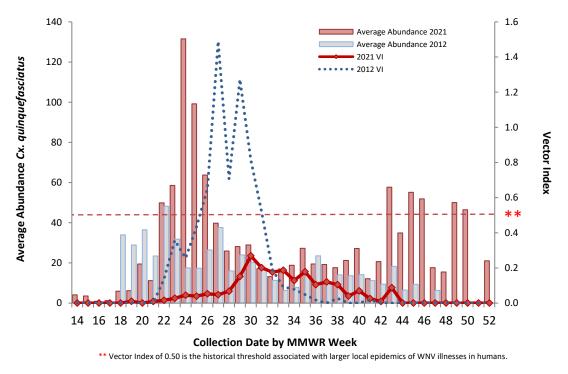


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Figure 3: Trap Counts of Female *Cx. quinquefasciatus* from 2021 Season: Weeks 1-52

^{*}Figure 3 only shows traps for which results were available; malfunctioning traps were excluded. Almost all traps are at fixed sites.





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Figure 5: WNV Vector Index by Week: 2012 - 2021 Seasons

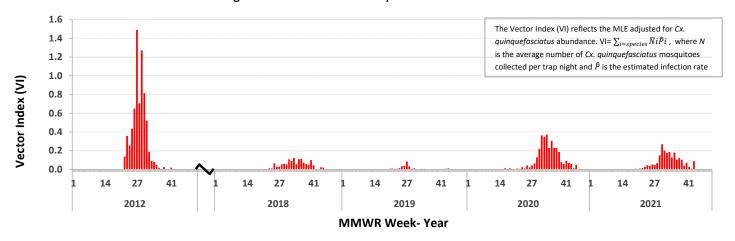


Figure 6: Average Numbers of Female Cx. quinquefasciatus per Trap-night by Week: 2012 - 2021 Seasons

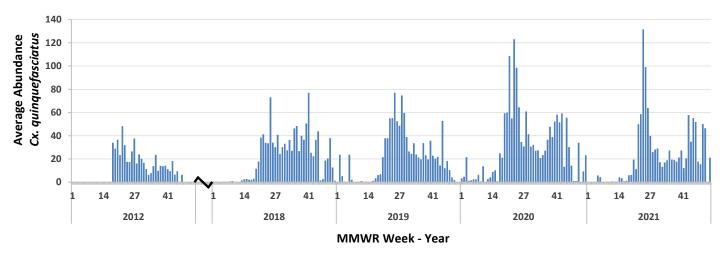
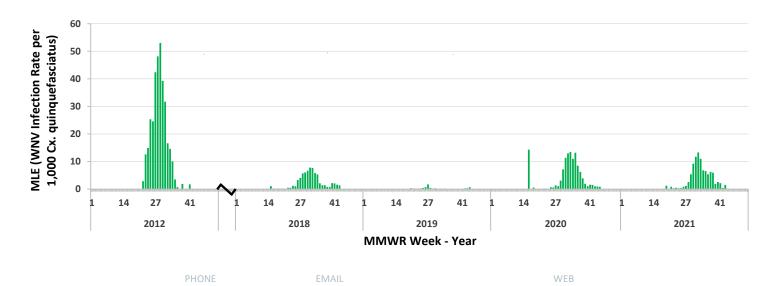


Figure 7: MLE (WNV Infection Rate per 1,000 Cx. quinquefasciatus) by Week: 2012 - 2021 Seasons



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Figure 8: WNV Vector Index, Viremic Blood Donors, and Human WNV Cases by Week of Report: 2021 Season

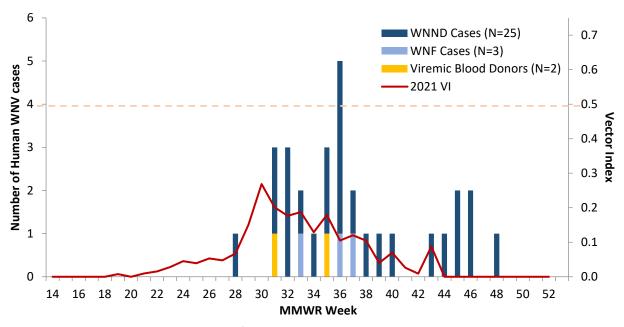


Table 4: Characteristics of West Nile Virus Human Cases: Dallas County, 2021

	Hospitalized	Deaths	Average Age (Range)	Female (%)
WNND (N=25)	25	3	64.0 (4 - 90)	10 (40.0)
WNF (N=3)	3	0	44.0 (29 - 54)	1 (33.3)
Total (N=28)	28	3	61.8 (4 - 90)	11 (39.3)

Figure 9: Arboviral Human Cases During 2021 Season (WNND = 25; WNF = 3; Dengue = 2)

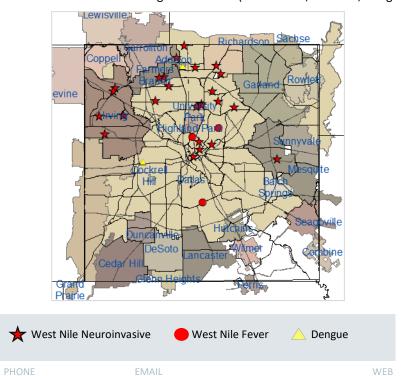


Figure 10: BG-Sentinel Trap Counts of Female Aedes aegypti and Aedes albopictus during 2021: Weeks 15 through 52

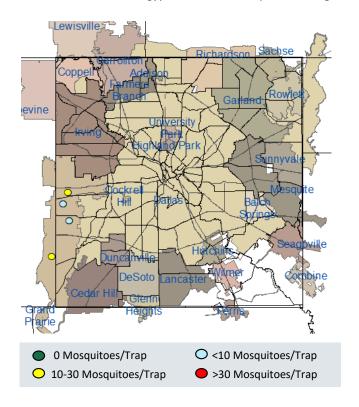
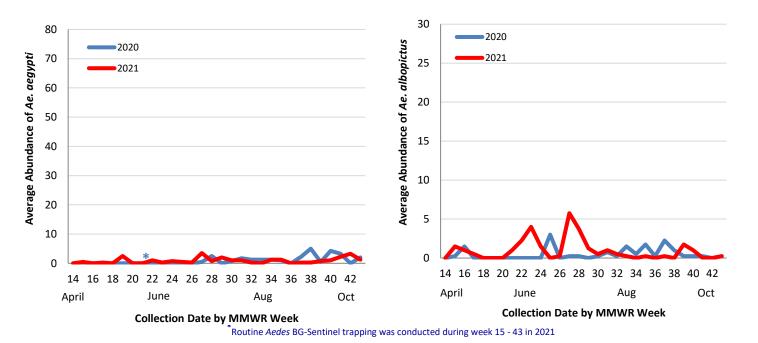


Figure 11: Average Numbers of Ae. aegypti per Trap-night: 2020 and 2021 Seasons*

Figure 12: Average Numbers of Ae. albopictus per Trap-night: 2020 and 2021 Seasons*



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Acknowledgements:

We are grateful for the partnership of the following contributors to our county-wide Arbovirus Surveillance Report:

Mosquito Trapping and Data from Environmental Health Services Divisions of the Following Cities:

Addison **Highland Park Balch Springs** Hutchins Carrollton Irving Cedar Hill Lancaster Cockrell Hill Mesquite Coppell Richardson Dallas Rowlett DeSoto Sachse Duncanville Seagoville Farmers Branch Sunnyvale Garland **University Park** Glenn Heights Wilmer

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Grand Prairie

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Municipal Mosquito

Vector Disease Control International

Mosquito Speciation and Laboratory Testing:

DCHHS Environmental Health Services: Mosquito Lab

DCHHS LRN Laboratory

DSHS Laboratory Services, Arbovirus-Entomology Team

Municipal Mosquito

Human Case Reports and Investigations:

Area Acute Care Hospitals and Healthcare Providers

Dallas County Medical Examiner's Office

City of Dallas Vital Statistics Unit

Carter Blood Care

American Red Cross

DCHHS Acute Communicable Disease Epidemiology Division

Arbovirus Case Investigation and Clinical Inquiries Team

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