Dallas County Health and Human Services Arbovirus Surveillance Report



Week 24 ending June 19, 2021

- In week 24, two mosquito traps tested positive for West Nile Virus (WNV). To date for 2021, a total of eleven mosquito traps have tested positive for WNV.
- No human WNV cases have yet been reported to date for 2021.
- No chikungunya and Zika cases have been reported year to date in 2021 in Dallas County.
- Aedes albopictus and Aedes aegypti are currently circulating in the area.

Table 1. Mosquito Laboratory and Human Case Surveillance Data for WNV, Dallas County

Week Ending	5/8	5/15	5/22	5/29	6/5	6/12	6/19	YTD
MMWR Week	18	19	20	21	22	23	24*	
Total Traps Placed in Dallas County ^a	247	241	205	242	238	248	231	2,486
Number of Positive Mosquito Traps (PHL; IL) ^c	0;0	0;1	0;0	0;2	0;2	1;3	2;0	3;8
Number of Pools Tested (PHL; IL) b,c	135;8	127;4	153;0	180;11	217;18	233;28	291;0	1,552;86
Number of Trap Results Currently Pending	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Average Number of <i>Cx. quinquefasciatus</i> per Trap ^d	6.0	6.2	19.5	11.2	49.9	58.5	143.0	28.4
Total Number of Cx. quinquefasciatus Trapped and Tested	1,184	1,322	2,564	2,319	6,586	8,347	11,155	34,762
Number of Positive Mosquito Pools (PHL; IL) ^c	0;0	0;1	0;0	0;2	0;2	1;3	2;0	3;8
WNV Infection Rate per 1,000 Cx. quinquefasciatus e	0.00	1.26	0.00	0.86	0.31	0.48	0.18	
Weekly Vector Index (VI) ^f	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.03	
Presumptive WNV Viremic Blood Donors	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WNV Human Cases (WNND; WNF) g	0;0	0;0	0;0	0;0	0;0	0;0	0;0	0;0

Table 2. Mosquito Laboratory and Human Case Surveillance Data for chikungunya, dengue and Zika virus, Dallas County

Week Ending	5/8	5/15	5/22	5/29	6/5	6/12	6/19	YTD
MMWR Week	18	19	20	21	22	23	24*	
Total Biogents Sentinel-Traps Placed in Dallas County h	4	4	0	4	4	4	0	36
Average Number of <i>Aedes per</i> Trap i	0	2.5	0	1	3.3	4.3	0	1.7
Chikungunya Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable) j	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dengue Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable) k	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Zika Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pregnant Women with Possible Zika Infection ^m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

^{*}Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary, and reflect results reported as of 12:30 p.m. June, 21 2021

- a. All traps deployed in municipalities submitting data to DCHHS since January 1, 2020. Includes traps without mosquitoes, malfunctioning traps and traps with pending results
- b. Excludes traps without female Culex quinquefasciatus identified. Maximum of 50 female Culex quinquefasciatus per pool; more than 1 pool may be tested per trap
- c. PHL = Public health laboratory (DSHS, DCHHS) testing performed by viral culture or CDC RT-PCR protocol; IL = Testing from independent labs by alternate methods
- d. Average abundance of female Culex quinquefasciatus mosquitoes per trap night/week (excludes non-working traps)
- e. WNV Infection rates calculated using a Maximum Likelihood Estimation (MLE). Biggerstaff BJ. PooledInfRate, version 4.0; Microsoft Excel Add-In; CDC 2007
- f. The Vector Index (VI) reflects the MLE adjusted for Culex quinquefasciatus abundance. VI= $\sum_{i=species} \overline{N}i\widehat{P}i$, where N is the average number of Culex quinquefasciatus mosquitoes collected per trap night and \widehat{P} is the estimated infection rate
- g. Human cases by week of report to health department. WNND = West Nile Neuroinvasive Disease; WNF = West Nile Fever
- h. All Biogents (BG) Sentinel traps deployed in municipalities submitting data to DCHHS since Week 15.
- i. Average abundance of Aedes albopictus and Aedes aegypti mosquitoes per night/trap in BG-Traps (excludes non-working traps)
- j. Human CHKV cases by week of report to health department (AT : Autochthonous case; I : imported)
- k. Human Dengue cases by week of report to the health department
- I. Confirmed and probable human Zika cases by week of specimen collection date
- m. Possible Zika Virus Infection Among Pregnant Women United States and Territories, May 2016, http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/65/wr/mm6520e1.htm/