Dallas County Health and Human Services Arbovirus Surveillance Report



Week 44 ending November 5, 2022

- In week 44, zero mosquito traps tested positive for WNV. To date for 2022, a total of fifty eight mosquito traps have tested positive for WNV.
- Three human WNV case has been reported to date for 2022, including 1 death.
- Eight travel related Dengue cases have been reported.
- No Zika cases have been reported year to date in 2022 in Dallas County.
- Aedes albopictus and Aedes aegypti are currently circulating in the area.

Table 1. Mosquito Laboratory and Human Case Surveillance Data for WNV, Dallas County

Week Ending		10/1	10/8	10/15	10/22	10/29	11/5*	YTD
MMWR Week		39	40	41	42	43	44*	
Total Traps Placed in Dallas County ^a		210	207	203	180	135	80	6,393
Number of Positive Mosquito Traps (PHL; IL) ^c		6;0	5;0	4;0	6;0	4;0	0;0	52;6
Number of Pools Tested (PHL; IL) b,c		204;15	183;16	181;13	168;0	119;0	72;0	5,174;290
Number of Trap Results Currently Pending		0	0	0	0	0	29	
Average Number of <i>Cx. quinquefasciatus</i> per Trap ^d		73.2	38.0	40.3	17.3	34.3	13.7	30.0
Total Number of Cx. quinquefasciatus Trapped and Tested	9,790	7,878	5,409	5,221	2,758	3,278	914	129,489
Number of Positive Mosquito Pools (PHL; IL) ^c	9;0	6;0	5;0	4;0	6;0	4;0	0;0	52;6
WNV Infection Rate per 1,000 Cx. quinquefasciatus e		0.77	0.94	0.81	2.27	1.24	0.00	
Weekly Vector Index (VI) ^f		0.06	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.00	
Presumptive WNV Viremic Blood Donors	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WNV Human Cases (WNND; WNF) g		0;0	0;0	1;0	0;0	0;0	0;0	2;0

Table 2. Mosquito Laboratory and Human Case Surveillance Data for chikungunya, dengue and Zika virus, Dallas County

Week Ending		10/1	10/8	10/15	10/22	10/29	11/5*	YTD
MMWR Week		39	40	41	42	43	44*	
Total Biogents Sentinel-Traps Placed in Dallas County h	3	4	3	3	0	0	0	105
Average Number of <i>Aedes per</i> Trap i	1.7	4.0	0	0.7	0	0	0	0.5
Chikungunya Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable) ^j	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dengue Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable) k	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	8
Zika Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pregnant Women with Possible Zika Infection m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

*Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary, and reflect results reported as of 12:00 p.m. November 7, 2022

- a. All traps deployed in municipalities submitting data to DCHHS since January 1, 2022. Includes traps without mosquitoes, malfunctioning traps and traps with pending results
- b. Excludes traps without female Culex quinquefasciatus identified. Maximum of 50 female Culex quinquefasciatus per pool; more than 1 pool may be tested per trap
- c. PHL = Public health laboratory (DSHS, DCHHS) testing performed by viral culture or CDC RT-PCR protocol; IL = Testing from independent labs by alternate methods
- d. Average abundance of female Culex quinquefasciatus mosquitoes per trap night/week (excludes non-working traps)
- e. WNV Infection rates calculated using a Maximum Likelihood Estimation (MLE). Biggerstaff BJ. PooledInfRate, version 4.0; Microsoft Excel Add-In; CDC 2007
- f. The Vector Index (VI) reflects the MLE adjusted for *Culex quinquefasciatus* abundance. VI= $\sum_{i=species} \overline{N}i\hat{P}i$, where N is the average number of *Culex quinquefasciatus* mosquitoes collected per trap night and \hat{P} is the estimated infection rate
- g. Human cases by week of report to health department. WNND = West Nile Neuroinvasive Disease; WNF = West Nile Fever
- h. All Biogents (BG) Sentinel traps deployed in municipalities submitting data to DCHHS since Week 15.
- i. Average abundance of Aedes albopictus and Aedes aegypti mosquitoes per night/trap in BG-Traps (excludes non-working traps)
- j. Human CHKV cases by week of report to health department (AT : Autochthonous case; I : imported)
- k. Human Dengue cases by week of report to the health department
- I. Confirmed and probable human Zika cases by week of specimen collection date
- m. Possible Zika Virus Infection Among Pregnant Women United States and Territories, May 2016, http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/65/wr/mm6520e1.htm/

Table 3. WNV Positive Gravid Mosquito Traps and Human WNV Cases by City, Dallas County, 2022

Week Ending		9/24	10/1	10/8	10/15	10/22	10/29	11/5*	YTD	
MMWR Week		38	39	40	41	42	43	44*		
	# Human	Range Total #	# WNV+	# WNV+	# WNV+	# WNV+	# WNV+	# WNV+	# WNV+	
	Cases	of Traps/Week	Traps	Traps	Traps	Traps	Traps	Traps	Traps	
Addison	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Balch Springs	0	3-6	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Carrollton	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cedar Hill	0	5-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cockrell Hill	0	1-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Coppell	0	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Dallas	1	1-65	4	2	2	0	1	0	0	22
DeSoto	0	6-12	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	3
Duncanville	0	5-10	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Farmers Branch	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Garland	0	2-27	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	5
Glenn Heights	0	2-4	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Grand Prairie	0	24-25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
Highland Park	0	2-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hutchins	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Irving	0	19-38	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
Lancaster	0	1-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mesquite	0	8-36	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	3
Richardson	0	12-24	2	1	1	0	2	0	0	7
Rowlett	0	1-14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sachse	0	3-6	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Seagoville	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Sunnyvale	0	2-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unincorporated County	0	1-5	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
University Park	0	4-8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wilmer	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Total	1		9	6 November 7	5	4	6	4	0	58

*Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary, and reflect results reported as of 12:30 p.m. November 7, 2022. 'Range of numbers of traps placed weekly, in weeks 1 – 44.

Figure 1: All WNV Negative and Positive Mosquito Traps Collected During 2022: Weeks 1-44* (= 6,393)

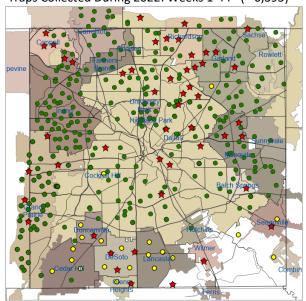
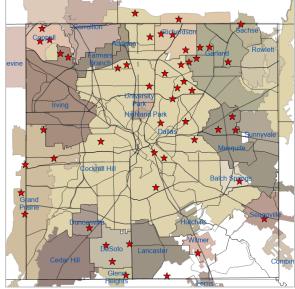


Figure 2: Cumulative WNV Positive Mosquito Traps Collected: Weeks 1-44* (N=58)



*Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary.

Positive Traps

Negative Traps

Pending Traps

Figure 3: WNV Positive Mosquito Traps Collected During 2022: Weeks 43 and 44* (N=4)

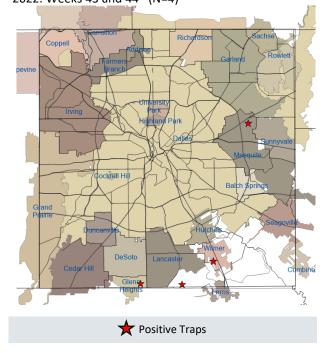
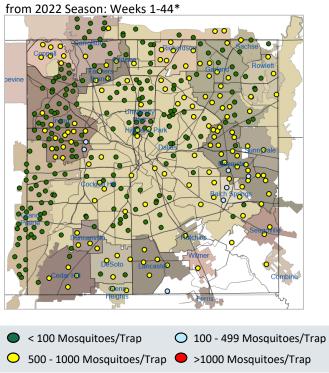


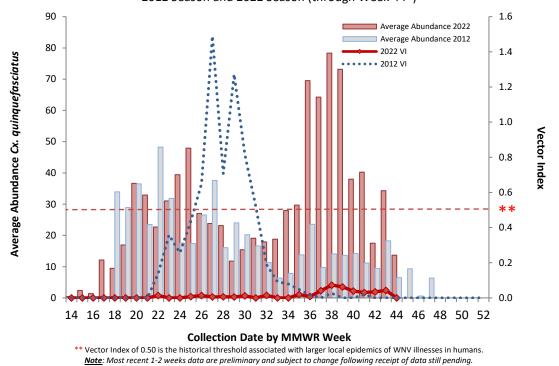
Figure 4: Trap Counts of Female Cx. quinquefasciatus



*Figure 4 only shows traps for which results were available; malfunctioning traps were excluded. Almost all traps are at fixed sites.

Note: Most recent 1-2 weeks data are preliminary and subject to change following receipt of data still pending.

Figure 5: Average Numbers of Female *Cx. quinquefasciatus* per Trap-night and WNV Vector Index by Week: 2012 Season and 2022 Season (through Week 44*)



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Figure 6: WNV Vector Index by Week: 2012 - 2022 Seasons

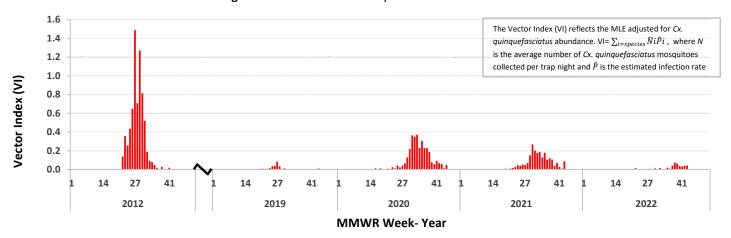


Figure 7: Average Numbers of Female Cx. quinquefasciatus per Trap-night by Week: 2012 - 2022 Seasons

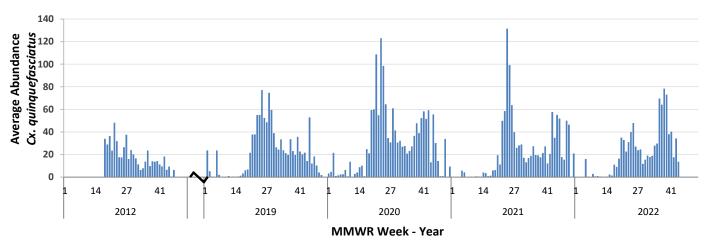


Figure 8: MLE (WNV Infection Rate per 1,000 Cx. quinquefasciatus) by Week: 2012 - 2022 Seasons

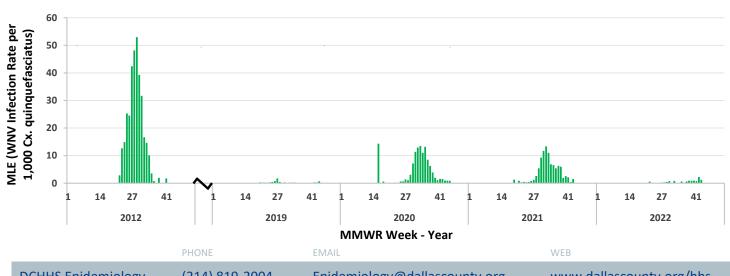


Figure 9: BG-Sentinel Trap Counts of Female Aedes aegypti and Aedes albopictus during 2022: Weeks 14 through 44[†]

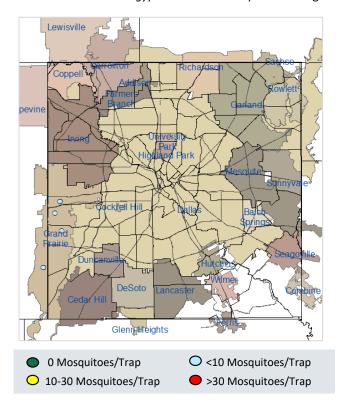


Figure 10: Average Numbers of *Ae. aegypti* per Trap-night: 2021 and 2022 Seasons*,[†]

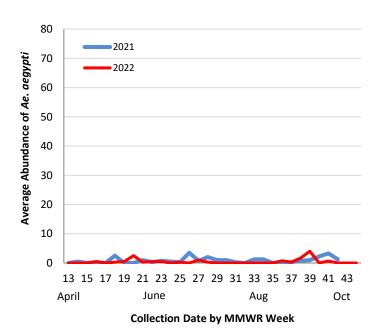
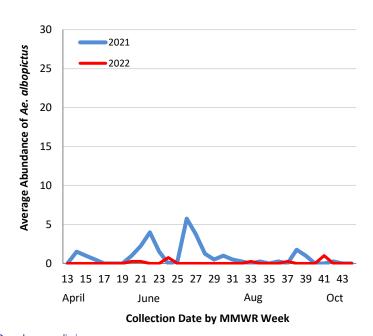


Figure 11: Average Numbers of *Ae. albopictus* per Trap-night: 2021 and 2022 Seasons*,†



*Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary

*Routine Aedes BG-Sentinel trapping was conducted during week 15-43 in 2021

HONE

Acknowledgements:

We are grateful for the partnership of the following contributors to our county-wide Arbovirus Surveillance Report:

Mosquito Trapping and Data from Environmental Health Services Divisions of the Following Cities:

Addison **Highland Park Balch Springs** Hutchins Carrollton Irving Cedar Hill Lancaster Cockrell Hill Mesquite Coppell Richardson Dallas Rowlett DeSoto Sachse Duncanville Seagoville Farmers Branch Sunnyvale Garland **University Park** Glenn Heights Wilmer

Grand Prairie

Mosquito Trapping and Data From:

DCHHS Environmental Health Services: Vector Control Division

Municipal Mosquito

Vector Disease Control International

Mosquito Speciation and Laboratory Testing:

DCHHS Environmental Health Services: Mosquito Lab

DCHHS LRN Laboratory

DSHS Laboratory Services, Arbovirus-Entomology Team

Municipal Mosquito

Human Case Reports and Investigations:

Area Acute Care Hospitals and Healthcare Providers

Dallas County Medical Examiner's Office

City of Dallas Vital Statistics Unit

Carter Blood Care

American Red Cross

DCHHS Acute Communicable Disease Epidemiology Division

Arbovirus Case Investigation and Clinical Inquiries Team

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