# Dallas County Health and Human Services Arbovirus Surveillance Report



### Week 25 ending June 25, 2022

- In week 25, one mosquito trap tested positive for WNV. To date for 2022, a total of two mosquito traps have tested positive for WNV.
- One human WNV case has been reported to date for 2022.
- Three travel related Dengue cases have been reported.
- No Zika cases have been reported year to date in 2022 in Dallas County.
- Aedes albopictus and Aedes aegypti are currently circulating in the area.

Table 1. Mosquito Laboratory and Human Case Surveillance Data for WNV, Dallas County

Week Ending	5/14	5/21	5/28	6/4	6/11	6/18	6/25	YTD
MMWR Week	19	20	21	22	23	24	25*	
Total Traps Placed in Dallas County <sup>a</sup>	214	214	327	100	246	234	206	2,356
Number of Positive Mosquito Traps (PHL; IL) <sup>c</sup>	0;0	0;0	0;0	0;1	0;0	0;0	1;0	1;1
Number of Pools Tested (PHL; IL) <sup>b,c</sup>	164;8	169;14	274;13	72;14	204;10	205;8	184;13	1627;100
Number of Trap Results Currently Pending	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Average Number of Cx. quinquefasciatus per Trap <sup>d</sup>	16.4	34.9	32.9	22.7	31.0	39.4	46.8	23.2
Total Number of Cx. quinquefasciatus Trapped and Tested	2,873	4,991	6,779	1,675	5,328	5,869	6,127	37,030
Number of Positive Mosquito Pools (PHL; IL) <sup>c</sup>	0;0	0;0	0;0	0;1	0;0	0;0	1;0	1;1
WNV Infection Rate per 1,000 Cx. quinquefasciatus <sup>e</sup>	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00	0.00	0.16	
Weekly Vector Index (VI) <sup>f</sup>	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	
Presumptive WNV Viremic Blood Donors	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WNV Human Cases (WNND; WNF) <sup>g</sup>	0;0	0;0	0;0	0;0	0;0	0;0	0;0	1;0

Table 2. Mosquito Laboratory and Human Case Surveillance Data for chikungunya, dengue and Zika virus, Dallas County

Week Ending	5/14	5/21	5/28	6/4	6/11	6/18	6/25	YTD
MMWR Week	19	20	21	22	23	24	25*	
Total Biogents Sentinel-Traps Placed in Dallas County <sup>h</sup>	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	48
Average Number of Aedes per Trap <sup>i</sup>	0.5	2.8	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.3	0.5
Chikungunya Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable) <sup>j</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dengue Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable) <sup>k</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Zika Human Cases (Confirmed & Probable) <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pregnant Women with Possible Zika Infection <sup>m</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

\*Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary, and reflect results reported as of 12:30 p.m. June 27, 2022

a. All traps deployed in municipalities submitting data to DCHHS since January 1, 2022. Includes traps without mosquitoes, malfunctioning traps and traps with pending results

- b. Excludes traps without female *Culex quinquefasciatus* identified. Maximum of 50 female *Culex quinquefasciatus* per pool; more than 1 pool may be tested per trap
- c. PHL = Public health laboratory (DSHS, DCHHS) testing performed by viral culture or CDC RT-PCR protocol; IL = Testing from independent labs by alternate methods

d. Average abundance of female Culex quinquefasciatus mosquitoes per trap night/week (excludes non-working traps)

e. WNV Infection rates calculated using a Maximum Likelihood Estimation (MLE). Biggerstaff BJ. PooledInfRate, version 4.0; Microsoft Excel Add-In; CDC 2007

f. The Vector Index (VI) reflects the MLE adjusted for *Culex quinquefasciatus* abundance. VI=  $\sum_{i=species} \overline{N} i \hat{P} i$ , where N is the average number of *Culex quinquefasciatus* mosquitoes collected per trap night and  $\hat{P}$  is the estimated infection rate

g. Human cases by week of report to health department. WNND = West Nile Neuroinvasive Disease; WNF = West Nile Fever

h. All Biogents (BG) Sentinel traps deployed in municipalities submitting data to DCHHS since Week 15.

i. Average abundance of Aedes albopictus and Aedes aegypti mosquitoes per night/trap in BG-Traps (excludes non-working traps)

j. Human CHKV cases by week of report to health department (AT : Autochthonous case; I : imported)

k. Human Dengue cases by week of report to the health department

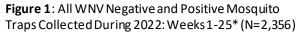
I. Confirmed and probable human Zika cases by week of specimen collection date

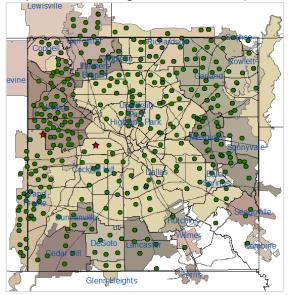
m. Possible Zika Virus Infection Among Pregnant Women — United States and Territories, May 2016, http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/65/wr/mm6520e1.htm/

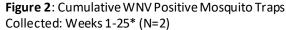
Table 3. WINV Positive Gravid Mosquito Traps and Human WINV Cases by City, Dallas County, 2022										
Week Ending			5/14	5/21	5/28	6/4	6/11	6/18	6/25	YTD
MMWR Week		19	20	21	22	23	24	25*		
	# Human	Range Total #	# WNV+							
	Cases	of Traps/Week	Traps							
Addison	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Balch Springs	0	3-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Carrollton	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cedar Hill	0	5-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CockrellHill	0	1-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Coppell	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dallas	1	1-65	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
DeSoto	0	6-12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Duncanville	0	5-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Farmers Branch	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Garland	0	2-27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Glenn Heights	0	2-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grand Prairie	0	24-25	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Highland Park	0	2-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hutchins	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Irving	0	19-38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lancaster	0	1-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mesquite	0	8-36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Richardson	0	12-24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rowlett	0	1-14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sachse	0	3-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Seagoville	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sunnyvale	0	2-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unincorporated County	0	1-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
University Park	0	4-8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wilmer	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1		0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2

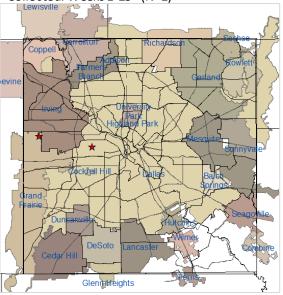
 Table 3.
 WNV Positive Gravid Mosquito Traps and Human WNV Cases by City, Dallas County, 2022

\*Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary, and reflect results reported as of 12:30 p.m. June 27, 2022. 1 Range of numbers of traps placed weekly, in weeks 1 – 24.









★ Positive Traps		Negative Traps	Pending Traps
		*Data for most recent 2 weeks are preliminary.	
	PHONE	EMAIL	WEB
DCHHS Epidemiology	(214) 819-2004	Epidemiology@dallascounty.or	g www.dallascounty.org/hhs

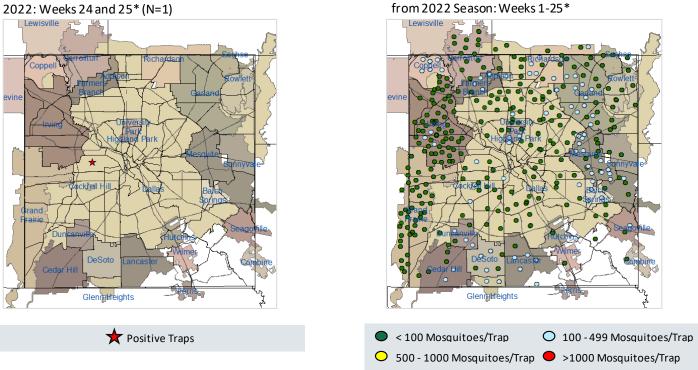
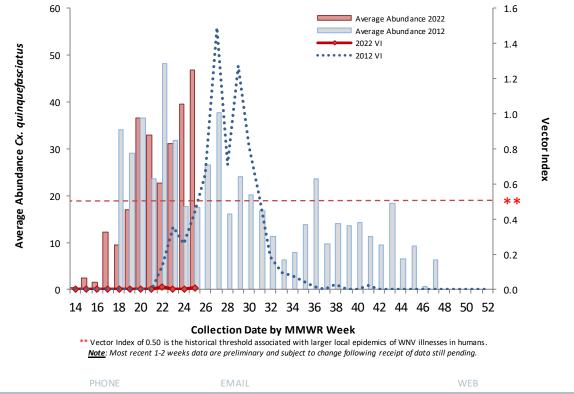


Figure 4: Trap Counts of Female Cx. quinquefasciatus

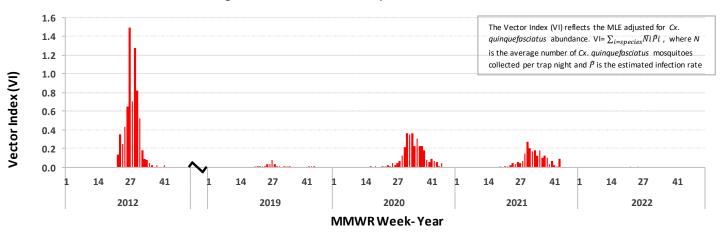
Figure 3: WNV Positive Mosquito Traps Collected During 2022: Weeks 24 and 25\* (N=1)

\*Figure 4 only shows traps for which results were available; malfunctioning traps were excluded. Almost all traps are at fixed sites. Note: Most recent 1-2 weeks data are preliminary and subject to change following receipt of data still pending.

Figure 5: Average Numbers of Female Cx. quinquefasciatus per Trap-night and WNV Vector Index by Week: 2012 Season and 2022 Season (through Week 25\*)



DCHHS Epidemiology	(214) 819-2004	Epidemiology@dallascounty.org	www.dallascounty.org/hhs



#### Figure 6: WNV Vector Index by Week: 2012 - 2022 Seasons

Figure 7: Average Numbers of Female Cx. quinquefasciatus per Trap-night by Week: 2012 - 2021 Seasons

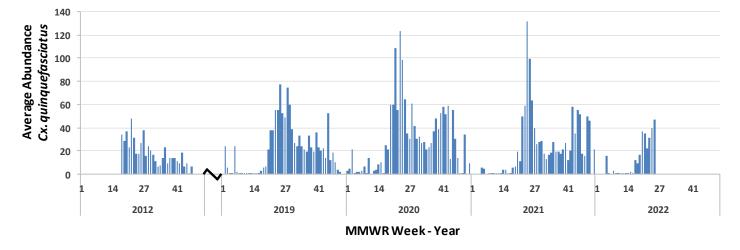


Figure 8: MLE (WNV Infection Rate per 1,000 Cx. quinquefasciatus) by Week: 2012-2021 Seasons

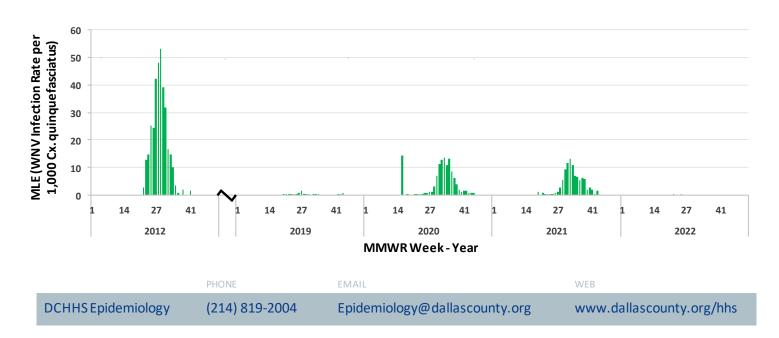
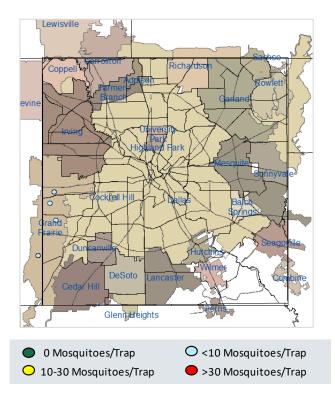
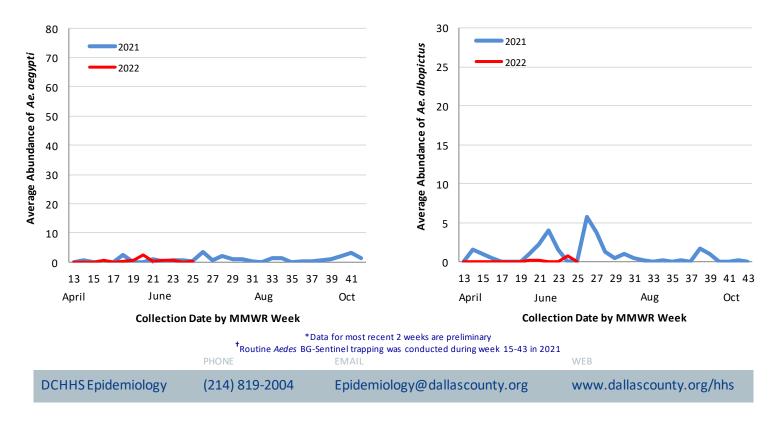


Figure 9: BG-Sentinel Trap Counts of Female Aedes aegypti and Aedes albopictus during 2022: Weeks 14 through 25<sup>+</sup>



**Figure 10**: Average Numbers of *Ae. aegypti* per Trap-night: 2021 and 2022 Seasons<sup>\*,†</sup>

**Figure 11**: Average Numbers of *Ae. albopictus* per Trap-night: 2021 and 2022 Seasons<sup>\*,†</sup>



## Acknowledgements:

We are grateful for the partnership of the following contributors to our county-wide Arbovirus Surveillance Report:

#### Mosquito Trapping and Data from Environmental Health Services Divisions of the Following Cities:

#### **Mosquito Trapping and Data From:**

DCHHS Environmental Health Services: Vector Control Division Municipal Mosquito **Vector Disease Control International** 

#### Mosquito Speciation and Laboratory Testing:

DCHHS Environmental Health Services: Mosquito Lab **DCHHS LRN Laboratory** DSHS Laboratory Services, Arbovirus-Entomology Team **Municipal Mosquito** 

#### Human Case Reports and Investigations:

Area Acute Care Hospitals and Healthcare Providers **Dallas County Medical Examiner's Office** City of Dallas Vital Statistics Unit **Carter Blood Care American Red Cross** DCHHS Acute Communicable Disease Epidemiology Division Arbovirus Case Investigation and Clinical Inquiries Team

For inquiries related to this Arbovirus Surveillance Report, please contact: Dongyoung Shin, Ph.D.

DCHHS Epidemiology	(214) 819-2004	Epidemiology@dallascounty.org	www.dallascounty.org/hhs
	PHONE	EMAIL	WEB