

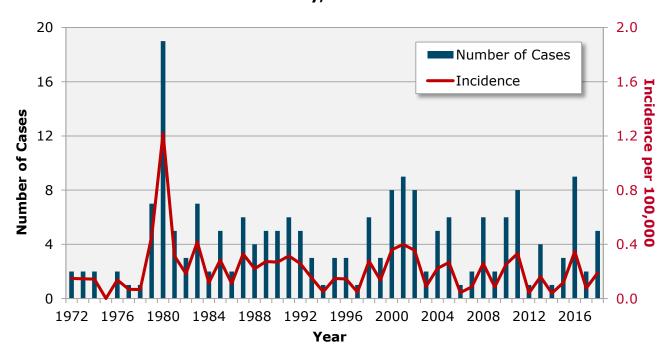
# 2014-2018 Profile of Typhoid in Dallas County

Dallas County Health and Human Services

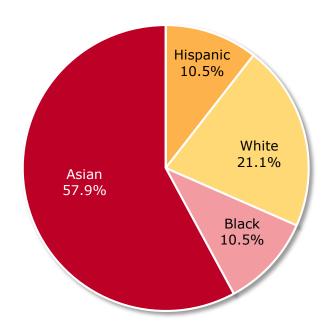
### Summary of Typhoid Cases, 2014-2018

|                      | n (%)      | Incidence<br>per 100,000 |
|----------------------|------------|--------------------------|
| Total                | 20 (100.0) | 0.2                      |
| Sex                  |            |                          |
| Male                 | 7 (35.0)   | 0.1                      |
| Female               | 13 (65.0)  | 0.2                      |
| Race/Ethnicity       |            |                          |
| Hispanic             | 2 (10.5)   | 0.04                     |
| White                | 4 (21.1)   | 0.1                      |
| Black                | 2 (10.5)   | 0.1                      |
| Asian                | 11 (57.9)  | 1.3                      |
| American Indian      | 0          | N/A                      |
| Age Group (years)    |            | ,                        |
| <1                   | 0          | N/A                      |
| 1-4                  | 2 (10.0)   | 0.3                      |
| 5-9                  | 5 (25.0)   | 0.5                      |
| 10-14                | 0          | N/A                      |
| 15-19                | 1 (5.0)    | 0.1                      |
| 20-29                | 5 (25.0)   | 0.2                      |
| 30-39                | 4 (20.0)   | 0.2                      |
| 40-49                | 0          | N/A                      |
| 50-59                | 1 (5.0)    | 0.1                      |
| ≥60                  | 2 (10.0)   | 0.1                      |
| Hospitalizations     | 16 (80.0)  | N/A                      |
| Travel History       |            |                          |
| Yes                  | 17 (89.5)  | N/A                      |
| No/Unknown           | 2 (10.5)   | N/A                      |
| Country of Exposure* |            |                          |
| Bangladesh           | 2 (11.1)   | N/A                      |
| Ethiopia             | 1 (5.6)    | N/A                      |
| El Salvador          | 1 (5.6)    | N/A                      |
| India                | 10 (55.6)  | N/A                      |
| Mexico               | 2 (11.1)   | N/A                      |
| Nepal                | 1 (5.6)    | N/A                      |
| Tanzania             | 1 (5.6)    | N/A                      |
| N/A = Not applicable |            |                          |

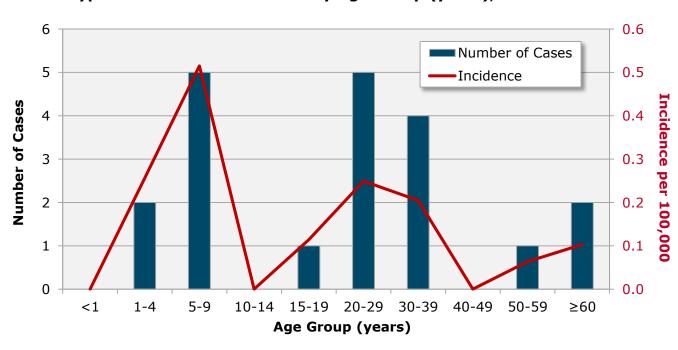
### Typhoid Cases and Incidence by Year of Onset, Dallas County, 1972-2018



## Typhoid Cases by Race/Ethnicity, 2014-2018 (n=20\*)



### Typhoid Cases and Incidence by Age Group (years), 2014-2018



#### Summary

- Typhoid fever is caused by the bacterium *Salmonella* Typhi, and can cause serious life-threatening illness.
- In the U.S. and in Dallas County, the majority of typhoid fever cases diagnosed were acquired during international travel; typhoid fever is common in non-industrialized regions of the world.
- Typhoid fever can be prevented with typhoid vaccination prior to international travel, and avoidance of potentially contaminated uncooked foods or contaminated water.
- Although typhoid fever is treatable with antibiotics, persons with the infection will need to be tested following completion of treatment to ensure that no Salmonella Typhi bacteria are still being shed.

N/A = Not applicable

Note: 5 year average incidence from 2014–2018
Data Sources: Dallas County Department of Health and Human Services, Epidemiology Division; National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS); Population data obtained through the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: WONDER Bridged-Race Population Estimates 1990-2018.

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